Newport Mercury.

THE OLDEST PAPER IN AMERICA. ESTABLISHED BY FRANKLIN 1758.

VOLUME CXXXV—No. 44. NEWPORT, R. I., APRIL 22, 1893. WHOLE NUMBER 7,014.

The Newport Mercury,

—PUBLISHED BY—

JOHN P. SANBORN,

182 THAMES STREET,

NEWPORT, R. I.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1758, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-fifth year. It is the oldest newspaper in the Union, and, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It is a large quarto weekly of fifty-six columns filled with interesting reading—editorial, State, local and general news, well selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments.—Reaching so many households in this and other States, the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to business men.

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Societies Occupying Mercury Hall.

GEN. NATHANIEL GREENE COUNCIL No. 6, Order United American Mechanics, John M. Holt, Councillor; J. H. Brown, Recording Secretary; meets every Monday evening.

RICHMOND LODGE No. 40, I. O. of O. F., William Allen, Noble Grand; Wm. H. Boone, Secretary; meets every Tuesday evening.

MALBONE LODGE No 26, N. E. O. P., Frank G. Scott, Warden; James H. Goddard, Secretary; meets 1st and 3d Wednesday evenings in each month.

THE NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, A. E. McMahon, President; J. J. Butler, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Wednesday evenings of each month.

OCEAN LODGE, No. 7, A. O. U. W., Geo. H Wilmarth, Master Workman; Geo. A. Pritchard, Recorder; meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings.

PERSEVERANCE LODGE, No. 336, K. of H., Dictator, Andrew Jackson; Reporter, C. H Chace; meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings.

REDWOOD LODGE No 11, K. of P., William H. Langley, Chancellor Commander; Herbert L. Marsh, Keeper of Records and Seal; meets every Friday evening.

DAVIS DIVISION No. 8, U. R. K. of P., Sir Knight Captain, John H. Wetherell; Daniel P. Ball, Recorder; meets last Friday evening in each month.

Local Matters.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

PROCLAMATION.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY D. RUSSELL BROWN, GOVERNOR.

As authorised by law, and in accordance with custom, I, D. Russell Brown, Governor of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, do hereby appoint Friday, May twelfth, A. D. 1893, to be observed as ARBOR DAY.

This day should be recognized as a general holiday dedicated to the planting and fostering of trees, shrubs and flowers, in the public grounds and highways and about the homes of this State.

Having in mind the purpose for which this festival was established, I appeal to parents and teachers to make the day an occasion for inspiring the children with the beauty and worth of blossom and leaf, and to cultivate within the minds of the rising generation a taste for the beauties and treasures of nature.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of this State to be affixed at Providence the seventeenth day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and of Independence the one hundred and seventeenth. (L.S.)

D. RUSSELL BROWN.

By the Governor:
GEO. H. UTTER,
Secretary of State.

Arbor Day.

In accordance with the proclamation issued by the Governor, Friday May 12 will be observed as Arbor Day and will be a general holiday. The schools will, in accordance with their usual custom, have special exercises and the Newport Racing Association have arranged a programme of sports to be held at Aquidneck Park, which includes two trotting races, a running race, a bicycle race and a base ball match between the old Pacifics and a visiting nine. Prizes will be given to the winners and coaches will run from Washington Square to convey all who wish to attend the sports.

Young Men's Christian Association.

It is generally known that the Y. M. C. A. Committee appointed to look out for a permanent site for the new Hall proposed, look with most favor on the U. S. Hotel corner of Pelham street, the property of Mrs. Adelaide Snow, for whom Mr. A. O'D. Taylor is sole agent. They have been round inspecting the premises. The price asked for the place is $30,000, and Mr. Taylor is said two years ago to have refused $25,000, so it is probable some intermediate price might now be accepted. There is room in the rear, up Pelham street, to erect, at slight cost, a first-class gymnasium; and some internal alterations in the main body of the hotel would render the rooms available for fine offices, reading room and lecture rooms. The property lets to produce $2500 a year and $1500 a year of that income can be easily preserved by the Y. M. C. A., through the letting of the two front stores on Thames street. We believe the committee have not yet reported on the subject.

The tug James A. Garfield, under charter by Capt. T. A. Scott, took fire at her wharf in New London, early Sunday morning, and had to be sunk to save her.

Improvement Notes.

Mr. J. D. Johnston has prepared plans for a handsome two and-a-half story cottage 42x32 feet for Mr. William D. Sayer on the corner of Howard avenue and a court. The building is of colonial style of architecture with a large reception hall, parlor, library, dining room, kitchen and butler's pantry on the first floor; four large chambers, a sewing room, bathroom, linen closet, etc., on the second floor, and an attic on the third floor. The library and parlor have bay windows, that of the latter extending above the second story, and each of these two rooms has an open fire place. The house is to have all the modern improvements—hot-air heat, gas lighting, electric bells, etc.

Extensive alterations and improvements are being made to the cottage of the late Mrs. Harriet N. Pond on Castle Hill, under the direction of the administrator on the estate, Mr. J. D. Johnston making the necessary plans.

Mr. R. T. Wilson, of New York, is contemplating extensive alterations to the interior of his summer villa on Narragansett avenue.

The proposed alterations and improvements to the Merchants Bank building on Thames street are to be begun at once. These changes will include the widening of the building to the boundary line on the north, with an entrance to the second floor, which is now through the bank proper, from the street direct, and the building is to be given a complete new front. The whole interior of the bank, too, is to be pulled out, the walls re-plastered and decorated, with Sienna and Tennessee marble wainscoting, highly polished; the floor will be of tile and the doors and all the interior woodwork mahogany. This work is in charge of Mr. Johnston who also furnished the plans.

Mr. Johnston has also prepared plans for the bringing out on to the street line the first stories of Mr. J. B. F. Denman's and Mr. Henry Bull's blocks on Thames street. The new first-story fronts of these two buildings will be exactly the same, giving the appearance of one block, and their tops will form balconies for the second stories.

The bringing out of the first-story front of the Gas Light Co.'s Block has forced Mr. J. M. K. Southwick to make alterations to his building adjoining, and he has had plans prepared by Mr. Johnston for a complete new front, with modern plate glass windows for his store, which will alter completely the appearance of the whole building.

Mr. Achilles Stevens has broken ground for two new two-story cottages on the northerly side of Newport avenue, west of Warner street.

Mr. Benj. F. Tanner expects to build during the coming summer on his large lot on Rhode Island avenue and Hope street, a handsome cottage and stable for his own occupancy.

Mr. J. D. Johnston will begin next week the erection of a large greenhouse for Mr. E. J. Berwind, at the corner of Bellevue and Parker avenues.

Extensive alterations and improvements to the New England Commercial Bank are to be begun. The entrance to the upstairs part of the building, which is in the south side, just back of the banking room, is to be moved and the space now occupied by the stairs and the room heretofore used as a dining room are to be taken into the bank. This will give a large room for the use of the directors, something that has long been needed, and also greatly increase the capacity of the banking room proper. Mr. J. D. Johnston will do the work.

Messrs. Moone & Wilkey have been given the contract for Mr Robert C. Ebbs' cottage on Howard avenue and will begin work at once.

IMPORTANT

To Residents of Middletown and Portsmouth,

Holloway, the leading photographer, whose special offer ticket for a life-size crayon and a dozen elegant Cabinet photos has had such an immense sale in Newport, will have his agent, Mr. Harry Treat, call on the people of Middletown and Portsmouth next week offering for sale the limited number of tickets remaining unsold. All who will require either photographs or crayons in the future should not fail to secure this rare bargain while the agent is in your vicinity. Remember the regular price of both is $14, and his special ticket is sold for $5.50. The quality of Mr. Holloway's productions are well known to the general public.

Cards have been received here announcing the marriage in Apalachicola Fla., of Capt. R. J. Gill, formerly of this city, to Miss Libbie Thigpen of Apalachicola. Capt. Gill is well-known in this city, having lived here for a number of years. For some years past he has been in command of a large lumber schooner running between Florida and the West Indies and has a large circle of friends in his new home. His Newport friends join with them in wishing the Captain and his bride a long and happy voyage on the ocean of life.

MISS SALLIE HANLEY.

A Newport Girl Turns Detective and Scours the Country in the Interest of Dr. Graves' Defense.

Miss Sallie Hanley, of this city, has, according to a recent dispatch from Denver, Col., adopted the profession of detective and, in that capacity, is now scouring the country for witnesses in Dr. Graves' behalf, in case there should be a second trial in the Barnaby murder case. The despatch says: Miss Hanley, who was always so closely associated with Dr. Thatcher Graves in the handling of the money and property of Mrs. Josephine A. Barnaby, and who was afterwards so important a witness for the defense when the doctor was tried for the murder of his benefactress, has since the 1st of March, been diligently at work as the special agent of Dr. Graves' attorneys.

She is searching for evidence to establish the innocence of Dr. Graves, and as a means to this end, not altogether incidental, to prove that Mrs. Worrall, the companion of the murdered woman, was not always what she pretended to be to Mrs. Barnaby.

The young woman, who seems to be very cunning and worthy of the trust placed in her, has found two women in San Francisco whose testimony will be valuable to Dr. Graves. One of these is Dr. Martin, a female physician, who was an intimate friend of Mrs. Barnaby when she was in San Francisco with Mrs. Worrall. The other is Mrs. Fisher, the proprietor of a lodging-house at 321 Ellis street.

Both of these women are expected to testify at the second trial of Dr. Graves, should one be held, that Mrs. Worrall was unkind, harsh and cruel to Mrs. Barnaby, and that the latter unfortunate woman with money was afraid of her companion.

But Miss Hanley wants another woman. This is Mrs. J. M. Curtis, who once had a boarding-house at 201 Jones street, San Francisco. Mrs. Barnaby and Mrs. Worrall stayed there, and it is anticipated that Mrs. Curtis can tell much. Mrs. Curtis is not in San Francisco. Miss Hanley is searching for her, and has travelled up and down the coast on various clues. Now she has located her in a town in Peru, and there Sallie will go at once. She will bring Mrs. Curtis back with her if the woman knows what she is expected to know.

Fraternal Visit.

The members of St. Paul's Lodge No. 14 A. F. & A. M., with large delegations from St. John's Lodge of this city and Eureka of Portsmouth, in all making 103 members, went to Fall River Thursday night to pay a fraternal visit to King Philip Lodge of that city. A special train was chartered and under the charge of Conductor W. W. Sampson left Newport at 7 P. M. Arriving at Fall River electric cars were in waiting to take the party to Fall River's elegant Masonic temple, where a right royal welcome awaited the visitors from Newport. The Master's degree was worked upon two candidates, after which a magnificent banquet was served. Worshipful Master J. W. Sampson made an eloquent reply to the address of welcome given by the master of King Philip Lodge. After the banquet addresses were made by a number of the members from both cities. The return trip was made at 1 A. M. amid a pouring rain. The entire party voted it one of the best times on record.

Co. F. Association.

Co. F. Association, First R. I. I. M., held its thirty-second annual meeting at the Armory of the Newport Artillery Co. Monday evening. President Clarke presided and the reading of the roll showed sixty members still living, forty dead and ten unaccounted for. Remarks were made by ex-Mayor Powel, an honorary member. Lt. Colonel Barker of the Newport Artillery and others and several letters were read from members who were unable to be present and Mayor Horton. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—

President—John B. Sanders.
Vice President—Joshua P. Clarke.
Secretary—D. M. Coggeshall, Jr.
Treasurer—John S. Coggeshall.

It was voted to entrust to the keeping of the Newport Artillery the handsome stand of colors presented by the Rhode Island residents of California to the First Regiment. These are said to have cost $1,500, and are artistically worked in silver bullion, making their weight too great for an ordinary standard bearer. They reached the regiment too late for use in the field, and have since been in the custody of Company F, the color company, having been used but a few times.

Following the regular business of the meeting, one of Armorer Lawton's chowders was enjoyed by all present.

It is understood that the Governor Van Zandt estate on Pelham street is being considered by the committee as one of the most eligible sites for the proposed Y. M. C. A. building. The lot measures about 100 feet square and a building of the character desired for this association would certainly stand well upon it.

OBITUARY.

Captain Connolly.

Capt. John Connolly, a well-known citizen who for many years, until the introduction of a steam launch, had charge of all transportation between this city and Fort Adams died at his residence on Greene street Monday morning, and his funeral was solemnized from St. Mary's church Wednesday morning. Capt. Connolly was born in Ireland about 75 years ago. He followed the seas during early manhood, and by prudence and economy acquired a competency.

John M. Carr.

Mr. John M. Carr died at his residence on Elm street Tuesday morning, after about a week's illness of la grippe, in the 68th year of his age. Mr. Carr was a native of Newport, being a son of the late Green Carr, and most of his life was spent here. He was made a member of the night police force under Newport's first mayor, the late Geo. H. Calvert, and was elected captain of the force in 1855. He held this latter position until 1884 when he resigned to enter the navy as seamen on board the U.S.S. Constitution. He was discharged from the navy in 1866 and in 1868 was again elected a member of the Newport police force where he remained, with the exception of '72-3, until 1883, when he was elected truant officer, a position which he filled with credit until Jan. 1892. He was a member of Rhode Island Lodge No. 12, I. O. O. F., and of Chas. E. Lawton Post, G. A. R., and each of these organizations attended his funeral yesterday in a body.

Mrs. Wm. G. Peckham.

Mrs. Mary H. Peckham died at her residence on Rhode Island avenue Wednesday night, after an illness of two years duration. She was a daughter of the late Judge Joseph T. Perry and widow of the late William Gibbs Peckham. She leaves five sons, William G. of New York, Daniel of Chicago, John of North Attleboro, and Arthur and Archibald of West Superior, Wisconsin, and three unmarried daughters, Susie, Bessie and Helen. She was a most estimable lady and was universally admired by all who knew her. She was in the 70th year of her age.

There is quite a contest going on over the South Portsmouth Postoffice. The man selected by the Democratic managers of the state for the place, is a man whom the Democrats of the town don't want. In fact the local Democrats prefer the present efficient postmaster, but the outside bosses seem to think they know better what the people of the town want than they do themselves.

Newport Odd Fellows will celebrate the seventy-fourth anniversary of the Order next Wednesday. A short street parade will be made by Excelsior Lodge in the afternoon and in the evening both Excelsior Lodge and Rhode Island Lodge will hold dance socials, the former at Masonic Hall and the latter at its own hall.

The funeral of Mrs. Geo. C. Munro was solemnized at noon Sunday from her late residence on Clark street. Rev. Geo. J. Magill officiated and Messrs. Henry Bull, James C. Swan, and John H. Cozzens and Dr. H. E. Turner were the pall bearers. There was a large attendance of relatives and friends.

The female employés of the Newport Elastic Fabric Company gave a social at Southwick's Hall Monday evening, which was well attended and thoroughly enjoyed. The New Hampshire Orchestra was in attendance and Mr. William O'Neill prompted for the dancing.

The weather thus far this month has been much more indicative of a renewal of winter than of the near approach of summer. The balmy breezes usually looked for at this time have been cold frost-laden winds and the April showers have been snow storms

It is understood that Dr. Clement Cleveland, of New York, who already owns a cottage on Merton road, has purchased the Francis Jones estate on Catherine street, and that he is to have the buildings entirely remodeled and a new stable built at once. The estate includes 142,015 square feet of land.

Ex-Gov. and Mrs. C. C. VanZandt have returned from Lakewood, N. J., where they have been spending the winter. They will remain here until the first of June, when they will go to Richfield Springs, N. Y. for the summer.

The Columbian Whist Club held its final meeting of the winter Monday evening at the residence of Miss Mueller on Clinton avenue. Handsome prizes were awarded to winners and a very pleasant social time was enjoyed.

Mr. John Austin Stevens, of this city, was the secretary of the committee which had charge of the reception given in honor of the Duke and Duchess of Veragua at the Hotel Waldorf, New York, Wednesday night.

Miss Emmie Blair, of Middletown, returned from a visit to Providence Wednesday night and the hearty welcome she received from her friends was good evidence of her popularity among them.

The Cantata of Ruth.

The cantata of Ruth, which was given at the Opera House on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of this week, was one of the best musical entertainments by local talent ever given in Newport. The chorus was exceptionally good and the solo parts were all well taken. Miss Bertha Stanhope and Miss Lillian Potter sang in their usual finished manner and Miss Blanchard rendered her solo in a manner which showed excellent training. Miss Hattie Hayes, who appeared before an audience for the first time as a singer, was a most delightful surprise. She has a strong, clear voice but so sweet, that one cannot fail to be charmed to hear it. Every part she sang captivated the audiences both nights and her song "Haste, ye Maids" received the only encore at each performance. Mr. T. M. Seabury, Jr., Mr. Herbert C. Tilley and Mr. James M. Bryer sang the different solos for male voices very nicely and the quartette by Messrs. Holland, Hodson, Butler and Lutz as well as the trio for female voices by Misses Stanhope, Marsh and Bailey were well rendered. The marching chorus by the boys and girls and the boys' whistling and girls' humming choruses were pleasing features of the performances. Great credit is due to Mr. H. C. Tilley for his management, as well as to Mr. Irons, the conductor, and Mrs. Cowie, the accompanist. It is hoped that the cantata will be repeated at some future date, in order that those who were unable to procure tickets may witness it.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals.

Simeon Hazard has sold for the West Providence Land Co., lot No. 16, containing 6000 sq. feet of land, to Henry H. Barker. Said lot is on the northerly side of Bliss Road and adjoins the recent purchase of J. Alton Barker.

Henry H. Barker has also purchased through Simeon Hazard a strip of land 20 ft. on Bliss Road by 90 ft. in depth, of the land of J. Alton Barker on the west of above named purchase.

Whipple & Derby have rented for the Marquis du Croisic, his Cliff Cottage No. 4 to A. Cass Canfield, for the season of 1893.

Arthur Leary has transferred to his wife, Hannah Leary, through Thomas Dennieston, 1000 feet of land with buildings on Houston and Wellington avenues.

A. Prescott Barker sold for Michael Curry and wife 3,768 square feet of land, situated on the south side of Dixon street, to Mrs. Honora McMahon.

Martha E. and Mary E. Richmond have sold a strip of land measuring about 20x167 feet, adjoining land of grantee on Coggeshall avenue, to George Beakhurst.

Mr. J. M. Hodgson has purchased from the Russell heirs the Willow Bank Cottage on the corner of Spring street and Brenton avenue.

Levi P. Morton and Philip J. Sands, executors, have sold the Mahlon Sands estate on Ledge road and the ocean to Mrs. Edward R. Wharton for $80,000.

Whipple & Derby have rented for the Marquis du Croisic, his Cliff cottage No. 2 to Mr. Lewis M. Rutherfrod of New York for the coming season.

A. Prescott Barker has rented for Mr Ella Murray the store No. 21 Franklin street to James P. Lancaster.

Benjamin Hazard has sold about 4000 square feet of land with buildings on Young street, to John and Mary J. Nelson.

Whipple & Derby have sub-rented for Mr. W. S. Bateman, the Bateman Farm, now owned by Mr. E. W. Davis of Providence to the Newport Golf Club for one year.

A. P. Baker has sold for the heirs of Alfred Smith six acres of land, extending south from Tuckerman avenue to the ocean, at Easton's Point, to John C. Bancroft of Boston.

A. O'D. Taylor has sold a lot of 11,171 square feet on the north side of Hope street for George H. Norman to B. F. Tanner.

A. O'D. Taylor has sold a lot of 5,000 feet on Harrison avenue for Edward M. Petzka to Jeremiah Joseph Lebane.

Elizabeth S. Bacheller has purchased, at mortgagee's sale, a lot of land on Willow street containing 7500 square feet.

Frederick Tompkins, executor of the will of the late Abby S. A. White, has sold to Caroline M., wife of Charles B. Marsh, a lot of land on Bradford avenue, for $1 and other valuable considerations.

Joseph Perry has purchased at mortgagee's sale a lot of land with all the improvements thereon on Everts street formerly of the estate of Cornelius Twomey.

Washington Commandery at its regular meeting Wednesday night voted to invite DeMolay Commandery of Boston, Winslow Lewis Commandery of Salem and Olivet Commandery of Lynn to visit Newport on June 27 and 28 and enjoy the hospitalities of the Sir Knights of this city. These are the commanderies that so royally entertained the Newport Templars last fall.

GLEANINGS FROM HISTORY.

Presented by JAMES C. SWAN.

How Athaliah Reigned Over Jerusalem for Six Years, When Jehoiada the High Priest Slew Her, and made Jehoash, the Son of Ahaziah, King.

Now when Athaliah, the daughter of Ahab, heard of the death of her brother Jehoram, and of her son Ahaziah, and of the royal family, she endeavored that none of the house of David might be left alive, but that the whole family might be exterminated, that no king might arise out of it afterward; and, as she thought, she had actually done it; but one of Ahaziah's sons was preserved, who escaped death after the manner following: Ahaziah had a sister by the same father, whose name was Jehosheba, and she was married to the high priest Jehoiada. She went into the king's palace, and found Jehoash, for that was the little child's name, who was not above a year old, among those that were slain, but concealed with his nurse; so she took him with her into a secret bedchamber, and shut him up there, and she and her husband Jehoiada brought him up privately in the temple six years, during which time Athaliah reigned over Jerusalem, and the two tribes.

Now, on the seventh year, Jehoiada communicated the matter to certain of the captains of hundreds, five in number, and persuaded them to be assisting in what attempts he was making against Athaliah, and to join him in asserting the kingdom to the child. He also received such oaths from them as are proper to secure those that assist one another from the fear of discovery? and he was then of good hope that they should depose Athaliah. Now those men whom Jehoiada the priest had taken to be his partners went into all the country, and gathered together the priests and the Levites, and the heads of the tribes out of it, and came and brought them to Jerusalem, to the high priest. So he demanded the security of an oath of them, to keep private whatsoever he should discover to them which required both their silence and their assistance. So when they had taken the oath, and thereby made it safe for him to speak, he produced the child that he had brought up of the family of David, and said to them, "This is your king, of that house which you know God hath foretold should reign over you for all time to come. I exhort you therefore that one third part of you guard him in the temple, and that a fourth part keep watch at all the gates of the temple, and that the next part of you keep guard at the gate which opens and leads to the king's palace, and let the rest of the multitude be unarmed in the temple, and let no armed person go into the temple, but the priest only. He also gave them this order besides, that a part of the priests and the Levites should be about the king himself, and be a guard to him, with their drawn swords, and to kill that man immediately, whoever he be, that should be so bold as to enter armed into the temple; and bid them be afraid of nobody, but persevere in guarding the king." So these men obeyed what the high priest advised them to, and declared the reality of their resolution by their actions. Jehoiada also opened the armory which David had made in the temple, and distributed to the captains of hundreds, as also to the priests and Levites, all the spears and quivers, and what kind of weapons soever it contained; and set them armed in a circle round about the temple, so as to touch one another's hands, and by that means excluding those from entering that ought not to enter. So they brought the child into the midst of them, and put on him the royal crown, and Jehoiada anointed him with the oil, and made him king; and the multitude rejoiced, and made a noise, and cried "God save the king!"

When Athaliah unexpectedly heard the tumult and the acclamations, she was greatly disturbed in her mind, and suddenly issued out of the royal palace with her own army; and when she was come to the temple, the priests received her, but as for those that stood round about the temple, as they were ordered by the high priest to do, they hindered the armed men that followed her from going in. But when Athaliah saw the child standing upon a pillar, with the royal crown upon his head, she rent her clothes, and cried out vehemently, and commanded her guards to kill him that had laid snares for her, and endeavored to deprive her of the government. But Jehoiada called for the captains of hundreds, and commanded them to bring Athaliah to the valley of Cedron, and slay her there, for he would not have the temple defiled with the punishments of this pernicious woman; and he gave order, that if any one came near to help her, he should be slain also; wherefore those that had the charge of her daughter, took hold of her, and led her to the gate of the king's mules, and slew her there.

Now as soon as what concerned Athaliah was by this stratagem, after this manner dispatched, Jehoiada called together the people and the armed men into the temple, and made them take an oath, that they would be obedient to the king, and take care of his safety and of the safety of his government; after which he obliged the king to give security, upon oath, that he would worship God, and not transgress the laws of Moses. They then ran to the house of Baal, which Athaliah and her husband Jehoram had built, to the dishonor of the God of their fathers, and to the honor of Ahab, and demolished it, and slew Matan, that had his priesthood. But Jehoiada intrusted the care and custody of the temple to the priests and Levites, according to the appointment of king David, and enjoined them to bring their regular burnt-offerings twice a day, and to offer incense according to the law. He also ordained some of the Levites, with the porters, to be a guard to the temple, that no one that was defiled might come there.

And when Jehoiada had set these things in order, he, with the captains of hundreds, and the rulers, and all the people, took Jehoash out of the temple into the king's palace, and when he had set him upon the king's throne, the people shouted for joy, and betook themselves to feasting, and kept a festival for many days; but the city was quiet upon the death of Athaliah. Now Jehoash was seven years old when he took the kingdom: his mother's name was Zibiah, of the city Beersheba. And all the time Jehoiada lived, Jehoash was careful that the laws should be kept, and very zealous in the worship of God; and when he was of age, he married two wives, who were given to him by the high priest, by whom were born to him both sons and daughters.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Mrs. Edward King has returned from New York.

Mr. T. T. Fitman has been in Washington this week.

Mr. Frederick Tompkins has been in New York this week.

Mr. H. F. M'Glenen, of Boston, has been in town this week.

Hon. and Mrs. Thos. Coggeshall are visiting friends in New York.

The public schools were re-opened on Monday, after a weeks vacation.

Mr. Geo. A. Littlefield, of Providence, was in town Monday.

Mr. John L. Macomber of Block Island has been in Newport this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Covell have returned from their trip to the Bermudas.

Government tug Fortune and torpedo boat Stiletto sailed for New York on Tuesday.

Capt. John Waters of this city is engaged upon repairs to the draw at Stone Bridge.

Mrs. M. C. Acosta, of Baltimore, a Newport cottage owner, has been in town this week.

Mrs. John P. Simmons, of Bristol, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. H. Young, on Broadway.

Needed improvements are being made in and about the gymnasium at the Naval Training Station.

Steam launch Munroe has resumed her trips to and from Fort Adams after an overhauling at Eddy's.

Mr. Levi Johnson and family, of New Haven, will spend the summer in Newport. They arrived this week.

Mr. C. P. Morehouse and family have returned from the South where they have been spending the winter.

A very enjoyable dance was given at Odd Fellows' Hall Wednesday night by the members of Pilgrim Social Club.

Telegrapher Joseph Barnes, formerly employed by J. H. Barney, Jr., & Co., died in Providence last week of pneumonia.

A very enjoyable entertainment was given at Touro Chapel Wednesday evening under the auspices of the Gaillean Fishermen.

Cornelius O'Leary, the apothecary at the Torpedo station, is in attendance upon the great U. S. Columbian Naval parade at Hampton Roads.

There is still a large number of cases of scarlet fever about town, but they are pronounced of "light form" in nearly every instance.

Mrs. Henry H. Young, who has been seriously ill during the past week, is now convalescent and hopes of her recovery are entertained by her friends.

Roger Williams Lodge, Sons of St. George, will attend Emmanuel church tomorrow evening in a body to listen to a special sermon by Rev. E. H. Porter.

The matrimonial engagement of Mr. Theodore A. Havemeyer, Jr., and Katharine Aymar, daughter of the late Samuel S. Sands, is announced in New York society.

Mrs. Matilda Lieber, at present in Germany, is expected here early next month. She will occupy her cottage on Rhode Island avenue the coming season, after an absence of three years.

Mr. Fred P. Power, son-in-law of Mr. L. D. Davis and a former editor of the Newport Daily News, has accepted the editorial chair of the Commercial Bulletin of New York.

Mr. Carroll's new racing yacht Navahoe attracted much interest and admiration in the harbor Sunday. The boat's run from Bristol and return was very satisfactory considering the lightness of the breeze.

Tomorrow will be the feast of the patronage of St. Joseph, the patron saint of St. Joseph's Church, and will be appropriately observed by the forty hours' devotion, which will begin at the close of the high mass.

Hon. and Mrs. Nicholas Ball were in Newport on Tuesday on their way home from a five weeks' visit in Washington. They left for Block Island on the same day, where Mr. Ball will superintend the work of preparing his hotel for the summer's campaign.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas D. Champlin have the sympathy of a wide circle of friends and acquaintances in their bereavement, caused by the death of their son Thomas. The little fellow was but [illegible] years of age and was in the best of health. One day last week he went out to ride on his bicycle. During the day he had a fall, striking his head and causing spinal meningitis, from which he died on Monday.

Poetry.

The Office Seeker.

BY JOHN KENDRICK BANGS.

It was a noble office-seeker went to Washington
He got rewarded for the work he'd been and gone and done.
And first of all he thought that he would ask the President
To put him in the cabinet; but ere a day was spent,
Upon a circuit judgeship all his energies were bent.

The second week he thought that he would quite consented be
If he were made a consul in some town across the sea;
But when he found he could not have an office of that kind,
Unto a post-official place he turned his agile mind—
But not much to encourage him in this quest could he find.

Whereon he said a clerkship in the War Department would
Have features in it that he thought held quite a deal of good;
And added, if there were no place among the men of war,
He'd even serve his country as a public janitor,
Or as the keeper of some big official's office door.

When blust'ring March was over, he put in a new request;
A tradeship in Lo's supplies, he said, would suit him best.
And when his application for that office was denied,
He showed himself a person to arouse his country's pride,
For with a free pass to his home, he went there satisfied,

From which the world must gather that the office-seeker's not
A creature to be laughed at by the unambitious lot;
For though his heart on lofty place the office seeker sets,
To settle up his party's and his nation's little debts,
He's apt to be quite happy over anything he gets.

—In Harper's Weekly.

Lichen.

BY ANNA BOYNTON AVERILL.

A crust of tiny rubies clings
To this gray boulder on the waste,
Thick set in fairy cups and rings
That wintry frosts have not effaced.

Exquisite color, rare design,
Inimitable daintiness,
In faultless pattern 'broidered fine
The gray and ancient rock to dress.

More than our human eyes can trace,
More than man's wisdom can explore
Is hidden here of use and grace,
Nor found in scientific lore.

For finer sense than ours were made
The wonders of the wood and mere.
—O spirit eyes that pierce the shade,
I feel your thrilling presence near!

Selected Tale.

Translation for the Times by H. A. Determan.

THE LITTLE MAMMA.

High up, beneath the mansard roof, between slate and rafters, and smoking chimneys, she lived—the little mamma.

The little mamma! The neighbors had given her the name, and she was proud of it. She was a young, pure maiden, although sprung from the proletarian slums, yet was brave and good; hardly grown out of her baby shoes, yet was courageous and with all industrious; administering to the wants of her younger sisters, as also to those of the father.

The father, a laborer, nothing more or less; the hard struggle for existence had early blanched his hair, and embittered his heart. He raved inwardly upon beholding those better circumstanced than himself, and sought to drown his misery in whiskey, the soothing drink of the lower classes. Formerly, when his wife was still living, he was entirely different; then he was the soberest and most industrious of men, and in his heart glowed that promethian spark which carries the poor and lowly far beyond the miseries of their lives.

But she had died shortly after the birth of the third child, and all her sorrows and all her troubles she bequeathed to her first-born, who possessed herself of the heritage with the hopeful joy of her sixteen years. Thus she became the little mamma.

With bright, laughing eyes she attended her daily toil as though it were a pleasure. In the morning she sang with the canary, housed in a small wooden cage suspended from the ceiling, as for a wager, and her cheeks were as rosy as the flowers on the window sill. The canary and flowers were the only "luxuries" she permitted herself and were, beside the trouble and sorrow, also inherited from her mother.

But at times she also wept—in the stilly night—when she heard the unsteady steps of her father coming up the stairs, stumbling into the room with his glassy eyes and half open, rum-besotted mouth; for most of the time she was still awake, bent on her needle-work, which she did as the duties of the household and care of her sisters permitted. Not a murmur came from her lips, nor a tear from her eyes, so long as the drunken man busied himself in the room, but when from the next chamber his heavy, irregular breathing resounded, she would place her young face in her hands and sob—sob to quench the oppressive anguish of her heart.

It was on a Sunday evening in May, the twilight of the long day had deepened into darkness, the starry, moon-bedecked heaven spread itself like a silvery mantle over the great city, when the little mamma seated herself in the window, leaning her brown, well-groomed head against the sash, inhaling the balmy air. Everything was so still—so still! Only from the depth below the hushed noises of the street reached her ear. The little ones had already been put to sleep in their lightless room, and the canary hidden its head deep into its puffed-up feathers. The moon cast its silvery light upon the house tops, drawing thereon in strong relief monstrous, gigantic shadows of the chimneys. And it was so still—so still!

The girl was not asleep but dreaming. Of what? Perhaps of that of which other girls dream in May evenings. Perhaps of the future which would be so much brighter and happier than the present or past had been miserable.

Suddenly she startles; leaning forward she listens attentively with half-open mouth; a bright smile overspreads her countenance. The father's steps on the stairs. She gets up from her seat in the window. Never before had he come home so early on a Sunday evening. The good father.

Already he is at the door, and enters hastily; she raises her arms to embrace him—then drops them again and steps aside. He has returned earlier than usual, but—as sad to—drunk.

"No light," he said, as he enters with unsteady step. "I can't see my hand before my eyes—well, never mind now—what I am to say, you can hear in the dark—hear—yes, so you can."

To her it seemed as though a ruthless hand of iron was tearing at her heart, and a great lump came into her throat which she in vain endeavored to swallow. A hitherto unknown fear overpowered her. She does not know why it is; for the first time in her life she is afraid of her father.

"Where are you anyhow?" he asked in a hoarse, asthmatic voice, "I can't see in what direction to speak."

"I am here, dear father."

"There—well—you see I came home to go away immediately. Do you understand? to go again immediately—What did you say?"

"Nothing, dear father."

"You have nothing to say anyhow, understand? Ah, I wanted to tell you something—of course—"

Whatever was to have followed was drowned in a hoarse, unintelligible murmur. Finally he uttered one short, forced, gutteral word:

"Money!"

She raised her trembling hands to her brow. Money? What does this mean? Father has his week's wages and she tells him so.

"It is gone—lost!" he laughs, but this laugh is awe inspiring. "At first we, Reddy and Giant Albert, played a social game at cards, and—well then we played an accursed game of my ante your ante—and then—money I want, money I must have—money," hissing the last words through his set teeth. "Look here," he said at length, endeavoring to put a persuasive, flattering ring in his voice, for he was not drunk enough not to realize the enormity of his loss—an entire week's wages. Six days had he drudged and slaved and this six days' wages had, in fifteen minutes, journeyed into the pockets of another. "Be consistent; I only want to win my money back, nothing more; but to do that—to do that, I must have more money. You have some—"

"But I dare not give it to you, father," she replied, the scalding tears coursing down her cheeks; "I dare not. You might also lose that and then—and then we would have to starve."

His temper rose! Temper against the girl who refused to furnish him with the means wherewith to retrieve his lost money. Was he the father, or was he not? Was he not to command and she to obey!

"The money!" he gasped, like a hungry vulture. "The money!"

"Dear, dear father, I will not obey you, because I dare not," she sobbed, and throwing her slender arms around his neck, the pure breath of her mouth permeated with the fusile aroma of bis.

Perhaps the sound of her voice would have made an impression upon him, had his anger not rendered him deaf; perhaps the frightened look in her tear-bedimmed eyes would have touched a tender chord, could he have seen, but darkness was his companion in crime.

"The money!" he cried, shaking the lithe form from him, and grasping her wrist in his vise-like grip, "give me the money!"

"I dare not!" she replied, and the words sounded like the last words of the dying.

The curse of a maniac, the shrill cry of a girl resounded almost simultaneously—at the same moment a dull thud. The father had cast the girl from him with all the force of a madman.

And again everything was still—entirely still.

* * * * * *

I have not much more to tell concerning the little mamma. She remained, in what she did, as formerly, and yet, in the way she did it, she had altered; her hands were always as busy as of yore, but her happy, contented temperament had vanished.

For hours she would stare into vacancy, with a strange, absent-minded look. The roses on her cheeks had withered, as also the flowers at the window, since she no longer gave them her attention; and one day the canary lay dead in its cage, since it had received no food for several days.

A metamorphosis had also taken place in the father since that fateful night. From an aging he had grown into an aged man. No longer does he drink. It appeared as though he had a respectful fear for his daughter. Never was the eventful night mentioned. He noticed her growing quieter and paler, and it tore his heart asunder. If she would only direct a word to him; or if she would only laugh again.

Summer came and went. Autumn took possession and the withered leaves fell from the trees. The little mamma lay on her sick bed—so still, so pale—also a withered leaf from the tree of life. The doctor had been there and examined her, shaken his head, and re-examined, then asked the father to accompany him, and said:

"The case of yonder girl is a mystery to me; I do not rightly understand it. Pray tell me has she had a severe fall in the near past?—but what ails you, man?"

The father had leaned his ashy face against the wall, breathing as though he were being strangled.

"It is nothing, doctor," he replied, "nothing, it will pass away—and my child?"

The doctor shrugged his shoulders, and, suddenly grasping the poor father's hand, shook it warmly and went away.

When alone in his dingy room, the father buried his face in the pillow on the bed upon which he had thrown himself. At length, finding relief in tears, he wept—wept like a child, this degenerated son of iniquity.

Three days later—he knelt at the sick-bed of his child and held in his arms its emaciated contents. His other children had been carried to a neighbor's; for what knew they of death.

But he, he knew. He would have given his heart's blood to recall the rash deed of that May evening, now that the icy hand of death had a firm grip upon his victim and condemned him, who with heart rending self-accusation, must live this miserable life.

Upon his gray, shaggy head, rests the child-like, transparent hand—only skin and bones—but it rests heavily upon him—this hand.

And from the trembling, wax like lips come words of mercy, pardon and charity, but they each and all were like dagger thrusts.

"You will live, father—you must live—you know for whom—and you will make them good and true."

The evening twilight of Autumn cast its shadow upon a young happy face in death.

* * * * * *

A slight mound amidst an endless row of graves. No marble tablet. No imposing monument. But during spring and summer fragrant flowers adorn the grave of—"The little mamma.—New York Review.

Robbie's Choice.

Visiting Divine—What do you intend to be when you grow up, Johnny?

Johnny—A preacher, sir.

V. D.—And you, Freddie?

Freddie—A Sunday-school teacher, sir!

V. D.—And how about you, Robbie?

Robbie—Oh, I'm going to be a man, sir!

A Preliminary to Charity.—"Mamma," said little Walter, "I cannot tell a lie. I took that pie to feed a poor little starving boy." "My darling child," said his mother, "and did the poor little fellow eat it?" "No'm. You see I couldn't see any starving boy to give it to, so I had to eat it myself."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Perfect Health, Beauty and Comfort for Mother and Child are found in FERRIS' Good Sense Corset Waists.

White, Drab, or Black.
All shapes—full or slim Busts.
Long or Short Waist.
Buttons front instead of clasps.
Clamp Buckle at hip for hose supporters.

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The Giggling Habit.

A serious aspect of the giggling habit is that it is so nearly incorrigible. Mannerisms of all kinds strike their roots deeply, but "hee! hee!" and "haw! haw!" become part and parcel of the offenders against reason and taste. That which makes the listener nervous to irritability, fretting the amiable into a desire to smother the meaningless cackle in the throat that gives it birth if he cannot escape beyond hearing of it, is practised involuntarily by the habitual laugher. Like the famous button on the learned advocate's coat, with which he fumbled incessantly while pleading, the giggle would, if suddenly taken away, deprive its slave of the power of speech. To command gravely temperate articulation would be to strike dumb.

The origin of the obnoxious trick is, of course, in youth and inexperience, and almost always in native diffidence or temporary embarrassment. When the girl has no fitting words at all, she giggles. When the lad is oppressed by a weight of bashfulness, and would swagger it off, he guffaws. In the tyro's opinion a laugh outdoes charity as a cloak for every defect, and extricates him from the most trying position. Affectation is an active ally in the evil work, and the ambition to be agreeable brings up the rear-guard.

The interjectional damsel is usually a giggler as well. Surprise that both faults are not cured by educators before they are confirmed passes before the recollection of the fact that education now-a-days is accomplished by means of text-books. And text-books do not teach the noble art of conversation. Forgetful of the *educere* which is the genius of their mission, the makers of annuals, and those who apply them to growing minds, drill and cram and "tamp," as if blasting, and not permeation and growth, were the business in hand. Our girls and boys come out from the schools with vocabularies narrowed rather than enlarged by the curriculum. The girl who took the Latin prize last year at Wellesley giggles and makes giggle with the first-honor man from Yale as effusively as Robin and Jenny guffaw and titter over the music books at the village choir meeting. Sedately cheerful or animated consecutive discussion of any topic appears alike impracticable to each and all. The "ohs" and "ahs" that round rosy mouths are separated by hyphens of giggles, and fractured sentences are bracketed by little shrieks, oftener sharp than soft.—[Marion Harland, in Harper's Bazar.

A Solitary Exile.

There is a remarkable recluse on the top floor of the big six-story building No. 87 Gold street. For nine years he has not left his quarters, or gone down a flight of stairs even. All his food is carried up to him, and he rounds out the years in uneventful solitude.

The hermit is a big gray horse, seventeen years old, and weighing over 1300 pounds, and he earns his keep by going ceaselessly round and round a tan-bark ring pulling a sweep, and furnishing power for hoisting bales of leather to different floors.

Few busy New-Yorkers know that a few years ago horse power was almost entirely used for hoisting purposes in the leather district popularly known as "the Swamp." The story goes that a short time back a gentleman who lived at an uptown hotel, and who was chiefly noted for his convivality, found himself by some unaccountable means on Spruce street at an early hour on a Sunday morning. Looking up at the sky, through which the dawn was just breaking, he saw, or thought he saw, a horse's head projecting through an upper window of a tall building. He could hardly believe there was a horse there, and he looked again, and saw a white equine head clearly outlined against the sky. Thoroughly alarmed as to his condition, he hurried to a cab, drove to his hotel, and hastily rousing some friends who worshipped Bacchus only to a moderate degree, returned with them to Spruce street. Much to his relief, his friends too soon saw the horse's head, and the party returned uptown, one of them at least in much better spirits than he came.

The horse at 87 Gold street is the only remaining equine elevator in the Swamp. Nine years ago he was hoisted to the top floor, and every working-day since then he has earned his daily oats by walking round and round his tan-bark ring. He has never left the top floor, and he probably never will till his body is taken away for burial. He hears the neighs and whinnies of other horses far below him in the busy streets, but he cannot respond; he cannot rub noses with other horses, and he has forgotten what it is like to be turned out to pasture and feed on fresh green grass.

His owners estimate that he travels nine miles a day, on an average. According to this estimate he has covered 21,000 miles around his ring, and if he lasts eight years more, as is expected, he will at the end of his service have covered 40,000 miles in round numbers.—[Harper's Weekly.

There are Sarsaparillas and Sarsaparillas; but if you are not careful in your purchase, the disease you wish to cure will only be intensified. Be sure you get Ayer's Sarsaparilla and no other. It is compounded from the Honduras root and other highly concentrated alternatives.

"This," said Farmer Begosh, who had listened to cheers till he had a headache, "is another reminder of the hollowness of life."

If there ever was a specific for any one complaint, then Carter's Little Liver Pills are a specific for Sick Headache, and every woman should know this. They are not only a positive cure, but a sure preventive if taken when the approach is felt. Carter's Little Liver Pills act directly on the liver and bile, and in this way remove the cause of disease without first making you sick by a weakening purge. If you try them you will not be disappointed.

"What is the biggest thing you will see at the World's Fair?" asked Mrs. Focash. "My hotel bill," replied her husband, gloomily.

Both Parties Pleased.

A Portland lawyer says that not long ago a man came into his office thoroughly angry—as men usually are when they go on such errands. He had called upon a debtor and asked him politely for the payment of a bill of $2.50 and had been abused for his pains. Now he wanted the lawyer to collect it.

The lawyer demurred. The amount was too trifling. It would cost the whole of it to collect it.

"No matter," said the client." I don't care if I don't get a cent, so long as that fellow has to pay it."

So the lawyer wrote the debtor a letter, and in due time the latter appeared in high dudgeon. He didn't owe any $2.50, and he wouldn't pay it.

"Very well," said the lawyer, "then my instructions are to sue. But I hardly think it will pay you to stand a suit for so small a sum."

"Who'll get the money if I pay it?" asked the man.

The lawyer was obliged to confess that he should.

"Oh, well," said the debtor, "that's another matter. If Mr—isn't going to get it, I am perfectly willing to pay it."

The debt was paid, the lawyer pocketed the amount, and what is very unusual, all parties to the suit were perfectly satisfied.—Portland Argus.

The Biggest Panorama in the World.

Within a few days there will arrive in New York for shipment to Chicago a painting valued at $300,000 and of such huge dimensions that two freight cars will be required to bring it to this city. The painting is a panorama of the Bernese Alps of Switzerland. It will be placed on exhibition at the World's Fair in a specially constructed building having the distinction of being the largest panorama ever painted.

When it reaches New York, special rigging will have to be employed to take it from the vessel. The roll of canvass being 60 feet long, two freight cars provided with a device for turning short curves will be used for its transportation. Much of the material to be used in the construction of the panorama building is included in the shipment, and no time will be lost in putting it together when it reaches Jackson park—the aim being to have the panorama on exhibition May 1. After the World's fair the canvas will be shipped back to Switzerland.—Chicago Herald.

Not the Same Old Story.

The man was standing at his store door, talking to a stranger.

"See that lady across the street?" he said.

"Yes," was the brief reply.

"Isn't very handsome, is she?"

"Her beauty won't kill her, I guess."

"Well, it's queer how things go in this world," said the man, retrospectively. "Twenty years ago she was one of the prettiest girls in Detroit, and I was one of the dozen fellows who tried to marry her."

"Same old story," observed the stranger; "some other fellow not half the man you are got her?"

"No, he didn't, either."

"No?"

"No, I married her myself; and she is coming over here now for twenty-five dollars to get a new fall hat with," and the man smiled as if he were glad of it.

A Fragrant Breath and Pearly Teeth

Are easily obtained by cleansing your teeth daily with that justly popular dentifrice, SOZODONT. Composed of rare antiseptic herbs, it imparts whiteness to the teeth, a delicious aroma to the breath, and preserves intact, from youth to old age, the teeth. Acidity of the stomach will destroy the strongest teeth unless its effects are counteracted with SOZODONT, and this pure toothwash protects the dental surfaces by removing every impurity that adheres to them. Ask your druggist for SOZODONT.

Are you going

to travel? If so you must be very careful of your health, or your doctor's bills will cost you more than your traveling expenses. A bottle of Sulphur Bitters will protect you from all sickness incident to a change of climate.—[Evening Times.

An exchange remarks quite truthfully "that there is no better proof that women dread being old maids than to look at some of the men they marry."

Took first Prize.

The State board of pharmacy recently analized twelve of the most popular medicines in order to see whether they were what they were recommended to be. After two weeks of careful work, they awarded the first prize, a gold medal, to Messrs. A. P. Ordway & Co. proprietors of Sulphur Bitters, it being in their opinion the best and only strictly pure blood purifying medicine in the market.—[Weekly Chemist.

No matter what appearance may be, there is no such thing as real prosperity to the wicked.

When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs doctoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

"Brokeleigh says that his word is as good as his note." "Yes, it is just as good. That's what's the matter with it."

Prizes for Advertising Ideas.

A bicycle manufacturer recently offered 24 prizes for the best suggestions for an advertisement. There were 25,000 ideas offered in the contest, and the fourth prize in this large field of contestants was taken by Mr. John Sturgis, connected with the well-known advertising house of Pettingill & Co., Boston. Mr. Sturgis is an artist of skill and efficiency and fertile in ideas and suggestions.—[Boston Daily Journal.

An enterprising Detroit woman is trying to get a divorce from her second husband in order that she may obtain a pension as a widow of her first, who died of apoplexy five years ago.

Tobacco smoke is said to be an excellent substitute for alcohol as a means of preserving insects and reptiles from decay. The specimen is placed in a bottle which, being puffed full of tobacco smoke is tightly sealed.

B·L

No copperas flavor.

Cured two years before using.

ASK FOR B-L TOBACCO.

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Be sure to get our plug. B·L

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE BEST AND PUREST MEDICINE EVER MADE.

Don't be without a bottle. You will not regret it. Try it to-day.

What makes you tremble so? YOUR NERVES are all unstrung, and NEED a gentle, soothing TONIC to assist nature to repair the damage which your excesses have caused. Sulphur Bitters

IS NOT A CHEAP RUM OR WHISKY DRINK

to be taken by the glass like other preparations which stimulate only to DESTROY. If you have FAILED to receive any benefit from other medicines or doctors, do not despair. Use Sulphur Bitters immediately.

In all cases of stubborn, deep seated diseases, Sulphur Bitters is the best medicine to use. Don't wait until to-morrow, try a bottle to-day.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co. Boston, Mass., for best medical work published

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For the next 30 days we offer our entire line of

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Comprising the best goods and styles to be found in foreign and domestic fabrics, at 15 per cent. less than our regular prices. This we do in order to make room for our Spring and Summer styles, which we will receive about Feb. 15. We guarantee the make-up of our goods to be the best and to give general satisfaction.

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Have purchased of

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20 South Main Street, Fall River,

And will close out the stock at 50 cents on a dollar. 7-33

Recipes for the Table.

WHITE CITRON CAKE.—One pound each butter, powdered white sugar and flour, with which has been mixed two teaspoonfuls baking powder, eight eggs, one half pound citronade in fine shreds; lemon or vanilla flavoring. Beat butter and sugar to a cream, add the eggs and beat; then stir in the flour and beat for 20 minutes. Mix the other ingredients in a vessel; and cut them thoroughly with flour; then add them, stirring only enough to mix them in. Bake for two hours or so in a slow oven, in heavy tin or sheet iron pans.

FISH PIE.—Fish pie is made by using the cold cooked fish and potatoes sliced thin and parboiled; put them into the baking dish in alternate layers, season with salt, pepper and butter, cover with milk, and bake an hour.

FOAMING SAUCE.—One cupful butter, two cupfuls sugar, one-fourth cupful boiling water, whites of two eggs. Beat butter and sugar to a cream, add the whites (unbeaten) and any preferred flavoring; when all is smooth, add the hot water. Set into a pan of hot water, and stir until smooth and hot. Serve at once.

ANGEL CAKE.—The whites of 10 eggs beaten stiff; 1½ glassfuls of sugar, one of flour, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, salt, flavoring, put together; last, mix lightly with the eggs and bake.

BREAKFAST DROP CAKES.—Three-fourths teacup of buttermilk, one-fourth teacup of sour cream, two teacups of flour, and one-half teaspoonful each of soda and salt mixed with a part of the flour before adding; mix well, and drop in small tablespoonful an inch apart in a well-buttered biscuit pan, or in well-buttered gem pans.

SAUCE FOR GAME.—The juice of two lemons may be squeezed in the platter, a few drops of oil, a little salt, and some pepper, in which gravy the very rare slices should be soaked a moment before handing them around.

MILK BISCUITS.—Aquarter of a pound of butter, one quart of milk, one gill of yeast, as much flour as will form the dough, a little salt; stir flour into the milk so as to form a very thick batter, and add the yeast; this is called a sponge. This should be done in the evening; in the morning cut up the butter, and set it near the fire where it will dissolve but not get hot; pour the melted butter into the sponge, then stir in enough flour to form a dough knead it well and stand it away to rise As soon as it is perfectly light, butter, your tins, make out the dough in small cakes, and let them rise. When they are light bake them in a very quick oven, take them out, wash the tops over with water and send to the table hot.

MEAT TURNOVERS.—Stew the dry, tough portions of cold roast beef until tender, letting the water stew nearly all away. Chop fine, and mix with it twice as much hot mashed potato, and to each cup of the mixture add a tablespoonful of green tomato pickle minced fine. Add salt to taste, and moisten with meat water. Shape into flat, thin cakes, brown in sausage fat, and turn when brown on one side.

NOODLES FOR SOUP.—Beat three eggs well without seperating, add three tablespoonfuls of milk and as much flour as the eggs and milk will mix; roll out as thin as possible, cut into strip and dry half an hour. Boil for 20 minutes in plenty of boiling, salted water, drain dry. Brown delicately in a fryingpan with one tablespoonful of butter.

ALMOND FILLING FOR LAYER CAKE—Blanch a pound of almonds, reserve a dozen, and chop fine the remainder. Beat the whites of three eggs, adding gradually a scant cup of powdered sugar. When stiff enough to stand alone, save out enough to ice the top of the cake, and mix the chopped almond with the rest. Spread this between the layers, and cover the top with the reserved portion. Split in two the dozen whole almonds, and arrange in a garland in the icing while soft.

MACARONI WITH TOMATO SAUCE.—Boil one-quarter of a pound of macaroni in plenty of boiling salted water for 20 minutes or until tender. Drain in a colander, then throw in cold water for five minutes to blanch. Drain again. Stew one pint of tomatoes for 15 minutes then press through a fine sieve. Melt one tablespoonful of butter without browing. Add to it two tablespoonfuls of flour, mix until smooth; then add the tomatoes and stir until it thickens; season with salt and pepper; add the macaroni, stir gently until heated, and serve.

TRIPE LYONNAISE.—Cut up half a pound of cold boiled tripe into neat squares. Put two ounces of butter and a tablespoonful of chopped onion in a frying-pan and fry to a delicate brown; add to the tripe a tablespoonful of chopped parsely and a little strong vinegar, salt and cayenne; stir the pan to prevent burning. Cover the bottom of a platter with tomato sauce, add the contents of the pan and serve.

RASPBERRY SHERBET.—Mash one quart of raspberries with one pint of sugar, and let the mixture stand for an hour. Then add one pint of water and the juice and grated rind of one lemon; strain and freeze.

Household Fancy Work.

PRETTY TABLE SCARF.

Take one-half yard of dark-colored felt—sea brown or dark green is pretty—make flowers on each end as follows: Cut strips of cardboard (old match boxes are best) the shape that you want the stem. If you want a vine, cut the board in the shape of a vine, square at each end, and hardly one-eighth of an inch wide. Now wrap this strip with green zephyr quite thick (as thick as a machine will sew through), lay it on the felt and sew through it on the machine with a short stitch, being careful to sew in the centre of the stem. After it is sewed, draw the sewing thread through to the wrong side and tie to keep the zephyr from raveling or pulling out. With sharp scissors clip the zephyr right on the edge of the cardboard; the machine-needle having cut the board through the middle it will come in two pieces which you can pull out very easily; the zephyr ought to fluff up so the machine stitches will not be seen. With the scissors shingle the stem till it is even and regular. To make the leaves and petals of the flowers, use the zephyr the same as for the stems, only cut the board wider and always have a square at each end. To make the round centre of the flowers, cut board square, and wrap the same as above, mixing in a little tinsel. Bright bits of rags and strings (either cotton or wool) torn fine, will make pretty rugs used the same way.

Long Parted.

Greyneck—The trouble with Sapley is, that he never seems to know his own mind.

Cutting—Well, why should he? They certainly haven't met for years.

John Auten says the meanest man he ever knew was a Rush township farmer who crossed his bees with lightning bugs so they'd work at night.—Worcester Gazette.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Y-our best remedy for
E-rysipelas, Catarrh
R-heumatism, and
S-crofula.

Salt-Rheum, Sore Eyes
A-bscesses, Tumors
R-unning Sores
S-curvy, Humors, Itch
A-nemia, Indigestion
P-imples, Blotches
A-nd Carbuncles
R-ingworm, Rashes
I-mpure Blood
L-anguidness, Dropsy
L-iver Complaint
A-ll cured by

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Cures others, will cure you

Financial.

8%
FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS.

On improved Real Estate within city limits negotiated by A. M. PECKHAM, West Superior, Wis.
Box 294 5-33

INDUSTRIAL Trust Company,
57 Westminster Street,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Open from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M.

CAPITAL - - - - $1,000,000
SURPLUS, . . $150,000

Transacts a general Banking and Trust Business.

Interest paid on accounts subject to cheque.

Moneys also received on Participation Account.

Authorized by law to accept trusts and to act as executor, administrator, guardian, etc.

Trustees, Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Assignees, depositing money or property of their estates with this Company are exempt by law from all personal liability.

DIRECTORS:

James M. Kimball, Leander R. Peck,
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Samuel P. Colt, William R. Dupee,
Horace M. Barns, Warren O. Arnold.
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SAMUEL P. COLT, President.
ALBERT L. CALDER, Vice President.
J. M. ADDEMAN, Treasurer.
2-25

Removal.

JAMES H. BARNEY, Jr. & Co.,

will open their new store,

154 Thames Street,

Opposite the Boston Store, today, with the largest stock of PIANOS ever shown in Newport, of the following celebrated makers:

Steinway, Weber, Gabler, Hardmann, Hening & Weser Bros.,

which they will sell for Cash or on Instalments. The public are cordially invited to call. Open Saturday evenings.

Newport, March 1st, 1893.

CHASE'S RENOVATING COMPOUND FOR DISEASES OF POULTRY.

At the solicitation of many people who have used this remedy for their poultry the discoverer has put it in the market.

JOHN H. CHASE, Proprietor,
General Agency at Taylor's Pharmacy, Broadway. 6-52

Old Solace Whiskey,

Sold in bulk, also in white flint glass bottles holding full quarts.

Windmill HOLLAND GIN,

Sold in bulk, also in imported white glass bottles holding 1 qt. and ½ pt. (Imperial measure

For sale by

Dennis W. Sheehan,
Sole Agent for Newport.
11-49

John B. DeBlois & Son,
Broadway Market.

MEATS and Groceries,

Poultry,
Game,
Vegetables,
Fruits
and
Canned Goods.

No. 2 BROADWAY,
NEWPORT, R. I.

Business Cards.

M. A. McCormick,

Carpenter and Builder.

All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates cheerfully given.

RESIDENCE—34 DEARBORN STREET. SHOP—KINSLEY'S WHARF. 6-4

JOHN S. LANGLEY.

DEALER IN

FURNITURE

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. ALSO

Furnishing Undertaker.

CASKETS, COFFINS, ROBES, &c.,

FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE.

16 Franklin St., Newport, R.I.

Residence. No. 1 School St.

Prepared Coke.

An excellent Summer fuel,
Kindles quickly and
Makes an intense fire,
Especially good for open grates.
Cleanly, convenient and economical
Delivered anywhere within the compact part of the city.

Leave orders at either office

181 THAMES ST.

—OR—

557 THAMES ST.

THIS IS THE SEASON

When you can secure especial bargains in the common or unprepared coke when taken in quantities of one hundred bushels or upwards at the Works. For terms, apply at either office.

THE NEWPORT

Gas Light Co:

Alex. N. Barker,

DEALER IN

Lumber & HardWare

BRICK, LIME, CEMENT, ETC.,

205 THAMES ST.

—AND—

LOPEZ WHARF,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Removal.

LAW OFFICES

OF

PECKHAM & TYLER,

ROOMS 173-76 Trinity Building, 111 Broadway, New York City.
(Near Wall Street.)
Telephone Call, "3,985 Courtlandt." 6-13

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PORTRAIT

and

Landscape Photographer,

No. 6 Equality Park,

NEWPORT, R. I.

J. D. JOHNSTON,

Architect & Builder,

Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, Mason, Tile and Stucco Work executed with dispatch.

Shop 63 Mill St. P. O. Box 161. Office 70 Pelham St. Residence 106 Church St. 4-14

ORANGES,

DATES,

FIGS.

Nuts,

At the very lowest possible prices.

Also

Canaries

—AND—

Brass Cages.

W. F. Williamson,

296 Thames Street.

February Sale.

My entire stock of;

FRAMED PICTURES,
WALL POCKETS, EASELS,
PICTURE FRAMES, &c., &c.,

at 25 to 50 per ct. discount, during this month.

W. H. ARNOLD,

12 Broadway.

Furniture.

A NEW LINE OF

CARPETS

—AT—

M. Cottrell's.

NEW STYLES IN

Chamber Furniture

NEW LINE OF

PAPER HANGINGS

Furniture of all Descriptions, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings,

M. COTTRELL,

COTTRELL BLOCK,

Next to the Post Office.

CLOSING OUT

SPRING STOCK

at a discount.

Great bargains in

Baby Carriages

—AT—

Bryer's

Furniture Rooms,

156 THAMES STREET.

New Carpets

—AND—

Wall Papers.

We are daily receiving new carpets and wall papers and are prepared to show a fine line of

New Patterns.

Prices as low as Anywhere.

W. C. Cozzens & Co.,

138 Thames St.

Souvenir Spoons of Newport.

OLD STONE MILL,

LIME ROCKS,
Home of Ida Lewis.

FORT DUMPLINGS,
Jamestown.

CASINO,
Narragansett Pier.

OUR OWN SPECIAL PATTERNS.

They are works of Art and of Historic interest.

H. A. Heath & Co.,

JEWELERS,

162 THAMES STREET.

THE

Narragansett Concrete Co.

—OF—

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I.

On and after THURSDAY, June 24, will locate in Newport and be prepared to do all kinds of

Concreting, Asphalting, Paving, Curbing.

Lawns, Gardens, Walks and Driveways attended to.

J. BRISTOW, P. O. Box 196, Narragansett Pier, R.I. 6-27

REMOVAL.

I desire to inform my patrons and friends that on and after OCTOBER 1, 1892, my place of business will be No. 15 Market Square. Any one who has umbrellas or parasols will please call for them here.

I shall have larger premises and will buy and sell second-hand furniture and antiquities.

ROCCO BARONE, Ferry Wharf.

BRADLEY'S

FERTILIZER.

I wish to announce to my old customers and the public generally, that I am still agent for the above Standard Fertilizer, and that I am prepared to fill all orders promptly.

L. H. PEABODY, Middletown, R. I.

1-28-tjal

AN INDIAN LETTER.

Methods of Communication Among the Indians.

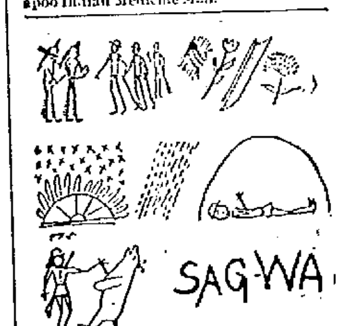
The Picturesque of Eloquence.—Thoughts Expressed in Silence.—How Indian History is Preserved.—Letter from an Indian about Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

The sign language of the Indians is a wonderful thing. Two Indians different in their speech as a German and a Spaniard will readily communicate with each other.

It is the picturesque of eloquence to watch an Indian addressing a council and without speaking a word, making his meaning clear to all present by signs.

Histories and all written communications are made by pictures. The family history of a chief will be painted on a tepee. The following is a specimen of this method of communication.

The "letter" was written by KEE-EL-NAH-WE, "The one who knows secrets," a Kickapoo Indian Medicine Man.



SPECIMEN OF INDIAN LETTER WRITING.

The above letter translates as follows:

"The Indians offer to their white brothers flowers, leaves, roots and barks, made by the sun, the stars, and the rain (nature.) If the white brother is sick, this will make him stronger than the bear who will fall before him."

"SAGWA" is a medicine word meaning good or best, and signifies "best medicine."

Here are the sincere statements of a noble son of a grand race.

Every word is true.

Catlin, the highest authority on the Indians and who lived among them for years, says "the word of an Indian can always be relied upon," and he is right.

Here is proof of the genuine value of Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

Here is a letter from a far different source. The following is from the Professor of Physiological Chemistry at Yale College, and this scientist says:—

"After a chemical analysis of Indian Sagwa, I find it to be an Extract of Roots, Barks and Herbs of Valuable Remedial Action with no Mineral or other Deleterious Admixtures."

Heed the teachings of these letters.

Take Nature's Remedy in season. If your blood is impure and your skin is marked by pimples, blotches and boils; if you have dull pains in your back and side; if your appetite is poor; if you do not get sound, refreshing sleep, so necessary to your health and strength, *you are in Danger*. These, and other symptoms are the warnings of nature.

Arouse yourself, and drive off the enemy—Arm yourself with Kickapoo Indian Sagwa—build up your system by its use and all danger is averted.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa and other Kickapoo Indian medicines contain only the products of the field and forest, nature's own vegetable growth of roots, barks and herbs, and of necessity are free from all mineral poisons whatever, because the Indians have no knowledge of them, depending wholly upon nature's laboratory for their resources, and upon their skill, born of centuries of experience.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA

Is sold by Druggists and Medicine Dealers Only. $1 per Bottle, 6 for $5.

Koal-spar

TRADE-MARK

FACTS!

5th. Koal-spar prevents soot and cinders.

6th. Koal-spar saves 25% of your Coal Bill

One package of Koal-spar costing 25 cents, saves one quarter ton of coal, hard or soft.

Descriptive Circulars Free to Consumers.

If your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and address on a postal card, and we will see that it is placed within your reach.

THE KOAL-SPAR CO.,
51 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

JAMES A. RANDALL,
General Agent, 126 Spring St. Newport, R.

Clothing.

NEW

Spring Woolens.

HENRY D. SPOONER

200 THAMES STREET.

Fall and Winter

CLOTHING!

In addition to my stock of the above goods from Boston, I have the largest stock of

Rogers, Peet & Co.'s Winter Suits,

OVERCOATS

—AND—

ULSTERS,

that I have ever shown.

JAMES P. TAYLOR'S,

120 THAMES STREET.

S.S. Department.

Sunday School Lesson—April 23.

JOB'S CONFESSION AND RESTORATION.

Job 42:1-10.

Lesson Introduction.

The colloquy has ceased. It resulted in nine speeches by Job and eight by his three friends. The closing short speech of Bildad shows the complete exhaustion of Job's opponents. Job follows in a magnificent series of discourses, in which he reviews and sums up the whole controversy, adopting all that is substantially true in the arguments of his opponents, and receding from a position which, though tenable against them, "does not accord with his own principles or truly represent the result of his own experience." The conclusion of the series is that Job holds fast to his integrity, but remains in a state of absolute perplexity touching the cause of his terrible sufferings. With the 31st chapter Job ends his own part of the colloquy. "He has silenced all his opponents, and waits for an answer from the Almighty."

In chapters 32-37 we have a new interlocutor, Elihu. The position of the disputants was unsatisfactory to him. "They had broken on the law of charity, Job had trenched on the reverence due to God." Elihu has a different theory to propose. "The divine chastisements have a loving purpose. They are intended to awaken a man's conscience and to save him from destruction; they make him feel the want of a mediator, and prepare him for spiritual ministrations which if received in humility give him right views of God's righteousness, bring him into a state of reconciliation, restore him his righteousness, and save 'from the pit, to be enlightened with the light of the living.'" The language of Elihu is at times obscure. He infers that Job's afflictions had taught him pride instead of humility; hence the silence of God. Had Job prayed he would have been heard.

The four chapters, 38-41, contain the answer of the Lord God. In two lines he dismisses Elihu with a judgment justly adapted to his pretensions. Job is left rather to judge himself. His eyes are opened "at last to perceive the universality both of God's power and wisdom and all-pervading care, in which he is content to take his place, hushing all complaints and trusting where he cannot see."

Job's final answer to God is contained in six verses of chapter 42, then follows in prose the epilogue of the wonderful poem.

Explanatory Notes.

1 Then Job answered the Lord, and said,
2 I know that thou canst do all things,
And that no purpose of thine can be restrained,
3 Who is this that hideth counsel without knowledge?
Therefore have I uttered that which I understood not,
Things too wonderful for me which I knew not.

Thou canst do all things: Jehovah had been describing some of the wonders of creation. "That address did not insist on any one divine attribute, but rather presented God in the whole circle of his attributes, power, and wisdom, but also goodness." Job's eyes are opened now; he can trust where he cannot see. Who is this that hideth counsel, etc.: This is a quotation from 38:2, "which Job humbly takes up and applies to himself, thus virtually assuming the burden not only of what he has rashly uttered, but of the short-sighted speculations of his friends also. I understood not: He has learned to trust where he cannot see.

4 Hear, I beseech thee, and I will speak;
I will demand of thee, and declare thou unto me.
5 I had heard of thee by the hearing of the ear;
But now mine eye seeth thee.
6 Wherefore I abhor myself, and repent
In dust and ashes.

Job had a mere hearing with the ear of sense, now he sees God with the eye of the spirit. Repent: The repentance is not from moral guilt, but from the hasty and venturous speech that escaped him in the time of trial. "After all one's defense of Job one must allow that he does not at every point avoid the appearance of evil. There was need that he should repent and find new life in new humility." Before his trial he appeared great, perfect, worthy of all he enjoyed at the hand of God; but now he is small, unwise, and weak. "God and the soul stand sure as before; but God's justice to the soul he has made is viewed along a different line. Not as a mighty sheik can Job now debate with the Almighty he has invoked. . . . His new birth is finding himself little, yet cared for in God's great universe."

7 And it was so, that after the Lord had spoken these words unto Job, the Lord said to Eliphaz the Temanite, My wrath is kindled against thee, and against thy two friends: for ye have not spoken of me the thing that is right, as my servant Job hath.

8 Now, therefore, take unto you seven bullocks and seven rams, and go to my servant Job, and offer up for yourselves a burnt offering; and my servant Job shall pray for you; for him will I accept, that I deal not with you after your folly; for ye have not spoken of me the thing that is right, as my servant Job hath.

9 So Eliphaz the Temanite and Bildad the Shuhite and Zophar the Naamathite went, and did according as the Lord commanded them: and the Lord accepted Job.

10 And the Lord turned the captivity of Job, when he prayed for his friends: and the Lord gave Job twice as much as he had before.

Against thy two friends: Elihu is not mentioned. The rebuke does not apply to him; he has already judged him. Prof. Watson and some others believe that the part of Elihu is an interpolation or an afterthought—"a fresh attempt by the author or some later writer to correct errors into which Job and his friends are supposed to have fallen and to throw new light on the matter of discussion." Right: The difference was in the principle and intention. Job spoke what he believed to be true, not to defend a doctrine. My servant Job. All expression full of comfort and approval; not that every word he said was exactly right, any more than that every word his friends said was wrong. He was right, however, in opposing the teaching that sorrow is always the divine measure of sin. He was right in having answered Satan's question, and had shown that God's children did serve him with a higher reason than the temporal things which they received from him. Accepted Job: Listened to his prayers, testifying his approval of Job. Turned the captivity: Job's sufferings had been as of one exiled from God and home and friends. When he prayed: His own forgiveness was complete when he forgave the "trespasses of those who had trespassed against him." "He had come out of himself and his own sorrows to help others."

A Taste of Farming.

Yorker—Where have you been for the last four years, Forker? Haven't seen you in town at all.

Forker—No. The fact is I haven't been in town; I've been trying farming up in Westchester county.

Yorker—You have?

Forker—Yes. Did you ever try farming?

Yorker—No, but I've tasted it.

Forker—Tasted it?

Yorker—Yes. I drink Croton water when I can't get anything else.

Bits of Information.

Wine clarifiers in France use more than 80,000,000 eggs a year.

There are 50 railroad stations within the limits of the city of Boston.

Of the the 363,000 teachers in the United States over 240,000 are women.

Enough spider web to go around the world would weigh one-half pound.

Mars revolves around the sun at a mean distance of about 141,000,000 miles.

Thirty years ago the product of the lobster fishing industry of Canada was valued at $15,276. In 1891 the value was $2,252,421. Last year it fell to $1,996,725.

An island has been discovered in the Atlantic in latitude 29 degrees two minutes north, longitude 137 degrees 59 minutes west, which is only nine feet across.

The amount of precious metals that go into the gold and silversmith's arts is enormous. Europe consumes upward of $24,000,000 worth of gold and silver annually for plate, jewelry and ornaments.

The steam ferryboat Robert Garrett, which plies between Brooklyn and New York city, carries as many as 5000 passengers at a single trip. It is to be the largest steam passenger ferry-boat in existence.

They are seriously discussing in England the project of building a cantilever bridge 200 feet high, and carrying two railway tracks, across the English channel. The estimated cost is $173,750,000.

The longest single span of wire in the world is used for the telegraph line, and is stretched over the river Kistnah, between Bezorah and Sectanazum, India. It is over 5000 feet long, and is stretched from the top of one mountain to that of another.

Platinum at a white heat it is said will consume any quantity of tobacco smoke and keep the atmosphere perfectly clear. Lamps with a little ring of platinum over the flame are used for this purpose, but a piece of platinum wire suspended over a gas jet is much cheaper, and really does its work better.

It is estimated that the Mississippi River annually discharges into the Gulf of Mexico 19,500,000,000,000 cubic feet of water. Of this prodigious quantity the 1-2900 part will be sediment. Thus the Mississippi river annually deposits alone into the Gulf of Mexico sufficient mud to cover a square mile of surface to a height of 240 feet.

"Egg albumen," much used for cooking purposes, is manufactured from the whites of the eggs of certain sea fowls which are found in large numbers near Iceland, Greenland, Labrador and the Hebrides, and also in the Northern Pacific. It is sent to market in a dry state looking very much like glue.

The need of carefulness in digging wells is emphasized by finding an underground river at the depth of 77 feet in Illinois. A farmer was digging a well, or rather boring it, when the auger fell through the bottom. A few days thereafter, the whole bottom of the well gave way, showing beneath an enormously rapid river of unknown extent. The query in the neighborhood is where the river empties. Perhaps it is the supply of some lakes that have resources of unknown extent.

Allow me to add my attribute to the efficacy of Ely's Cream Balm. I was suffering from a severe attack of influenza and catarrh and was induced to try your remedy. The result was marvelous. I could hardly articulate, and in less than twenty-four hours the catarrhal symptoms and my hoarseness disappeared and I was able to sing a heavy role in Grand Opera with voice unimpaired. I strongly recommend it to all singers.—Wm. H. Hamilton, Leading Basso of the C. D. Hess Grand Opera Co.

A good many sermons are aimed too high to ever hit anything on earth.

You hardly realize that it is medicine, when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills: they are very small; no bad effects; all troubles from torpid liver are relieved by their use.

No one ever did a great thing for God who did not begin by doing little ones.

Do not suffer from sick headache a moment longer. It is not necessary. Carter's Little Liver Pills will cure you. Dose, one little pill. Small price. Small dose. Small pill.

The devil never needs a man any meaner than the one who is a tyrant to his wife.

My friend, look here! you know how weak and nervous your wife is, and you know that Carter's Iron Pills will relieve her, now why not be fair about it and buy her a box?

The poorest man is not the one who has the least, but the one who wants the most.

Rich, Red Blood

As naturally results from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla as personal cleanliness results from free use of soap and water. This great purifier thoroughly expels scrofula, salt rheum and all other impurities and builds up every organ of the body. Now is the time to take it.

The highest praise has been won by Hood's Pills for their easy, yet efficient action. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

The best reward for having wrought well already is to have more to do.

It is only of late years that rheumatism has been treated as a blood disease. But that this is a correct theory is proved by the extraordinary success attending the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, in this painful and very prevalent malady. It seldom fails of radical cure.

The man who is not thankful does not know half the time whether he really has any God or not.

Shocking Intelligence.

Jester—Did you hear of young Bundleman's untimely taking-off?

Quester—Great Heavens, no! You don't tell me that exemplary young man is dead?

Jester—Dead! Who said he was dead? I was talking about his untimely taking off his winter underwear; he caught a bad cold in consequence, too.

Business at the New York Post Office.

The most interesting details which can be told of the New York Post-office relate to the amount of business transacted in each division, for only in this manner can a true idea of the importance of this office be obtained. I have already given the grand totals, but these are made up of many interesting items. For instance, the international money orders received and certified to Europe in 1891 numbered nearly a million, and aggregated nearly sixteen and a half millions of dollars. The European country with which the New York Post-office had the largest transactions through its Money-order Department was Great Britain, the items amounting to nearly half a million. The Bahamas were at the foot of the list with only fifty eight items. The total number of items in the Registry Department was 8,273,159. Nearly three hundred million items of mail matter were handled by carriers; and the sale of postage stamps, stamped envelopes, etc., amounted to $6,303,012.93.

Nearly thirty million letters were forwarded to and nearly twenty-four million received from foreign countries—the New York Post office easily handling over three-fourths of our foreign mail. We should lose faith in the intelligence of the human race on learning that in this one office 602,398 misdirected and insufficiently addressed letters were received, did we not learn at the same time that 505,074 of these letters were corrected and forwarded by other members of the human race. The items of mail matter handled averaged for each day 930,707, and the number of pouches, 10,120; the aggregate for the year being 429,973,550 letters, and 3,770,450 pouches.

The postmaster receives a salary of $8000 a year—a very small sum when the business of the office is considered. But then he doesn't have to receive, face, post-mark, sort, and distribute every letter himself. In fact, he doesn't even drive a mail-wagon. For he spent $1,252,934 92-100 in 1891 for clerk hire, and an express company does the carting under contract.—[Harper's Young People.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Use BUTLER'S COCOA for Breakfast and Supper, pure and healthful, and their FAMILY CHOCOLATE for drinking and cooking, cakes, puddings, creams, etc.

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—In all the world there is but one cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today believe that they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O. 4-2-4m

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Chas. M. Cole.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use and after using ten bottles, found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and is as well as ever she was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at Chas. M. Cole's Drug Store, large bottles 50c. and $1.00.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle at C. M. Cole's drug store.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

NOTICE.—Pronounce the word "Hough" as if spelled "Huff" when calling for Dr. Hough's Cough and Lung Balsam. Cures coughs, colds, croup or whooping cough. Try it. All medicine dealers sell it.

One Circus Begets Another.

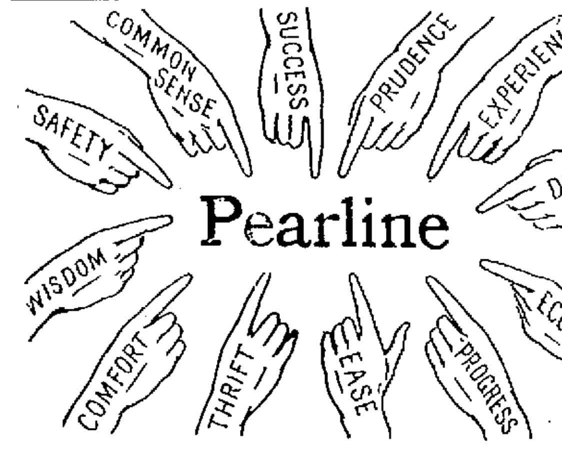
Ma—Did you say, Jimmy, that Uncle Joe took you to the circus today?

Jimmy—Yes.

Ma—Well now, tell me what was the most surprising thing you saw there?

Jimmy—Pa comin' in with the cook you discharged yesterday.

Rice paper is not made from rice nor from rice stalks, nor has it any connection with rice. It is of Chinese manufacture, and is made from the pith of a tree resembling the elder.



Pearline

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—*send it back*. 311 JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Makes the hair soft and glossy.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for nearly five years, and my hair is moist, glossy, and in an excellent state of preservation. I am forty years old, and have ridden the plains for twenty-five years."—Wm. Henry Ott, alias "Mustang Bill," Newcastle, Wyo.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prevents hair from falling out.

"A number of years ago, by recommendation of a friend, I began to use Ayer's Hair Vigor to stop the hair from falling out and prevent its turning gray. The first effects were most satisfactory. Occasional applications since have kept my hair thick and of a natural color."—H. E. Basham, McKinney, Texas.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Restores hair after fevers.

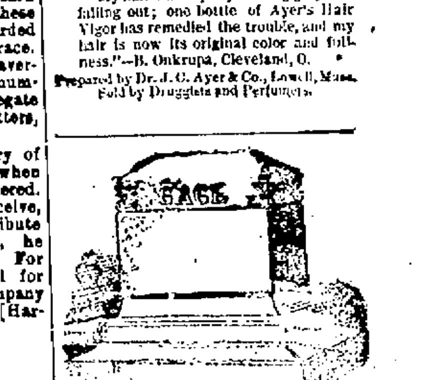
"Over a year ago I had a severe fever, and when I recovered, my hair began to fall out, and what little remained turned gray. I tried various remedies, but without success, till at last I began to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and now my hair is growing rapidly and is restored to its original color."—Mrs. A. Collins, Dighton, Mass.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prevents hair from turning gray.

"My hair was rapidly turning gray and falling out; one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor has remedied the trouble, and my hair is now its original color and fullness."—B. Onkrupa, Cleveland, O.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.



CHAS. P. AUSTIN,

Stone Cutter, Monumental and Building Work,

cor. FAREWELL & WALNUT Sts.

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT STONE WORKS,

H. G. BURNS, Prop'r.

GRANITE WORK

of every description, including all kinds of

BUILDING & MONUMENTAL WORK.

A good stock of BLUE STONE constantly on hand.

42 Long Whf., foot Whittier Ave.,

NEWPORT, R. I.

JOHN ALDERSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

17 Mill Street,

ONE DOOR ABOVE THAMES STREET

Ladies' Cloaks, Ulsters and Walking Coats specialty.

Liveries of every description made to order

A NEW LINE OF

Seasonable Goods

JUST RECEIVED. 1-30

HERBS.

All kinds of herbs in general use are kept on sale at the

Enterprise Store,

No. 64 Thames St.,

In quantities from one ounce upwards, and any not in stock will be procured at short notice.

N. B.—These have been selected with great care by experienced herbalists, and all are warranted.

8-27-tf B. W. PEARCE.

E. B. HARRINGTON

—HAVING—

Purchased Controlling Interest

—IN THE—

NEWPORT

Transfer Express Company

Desires to call attention of the public to its unequalled facilities for local express business. This company has the

Exclusive Privilege

of collecting checks, for delivery of baggage on all trains and steamers arriving in Newport.

—ALSO OF—

CHECKING BAGGAGE

—AT THE—

RESIDENCE to DESTINATION.

It has desirable storage warerooms at reasonable rates.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 130 Bellevue Ave.

Branch Offices, 272 Thames Street, N. Y. Freight Depot, F. R. Line.
Newport, R. I., June 1st, 1891. 6-4

Water.

ALL PERSONS, desirous of having water introduced into their residences or places of business, should make application at the office, Marlboro' Street, near Thames.

Office Hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

WM. S. SLOCUM, Treasurer.

The Mercury.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor and Proprietor

SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1893.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Gov. Brown has appointed Friday May 12th as Arbor Day.

Signal towers have been erected all along the Consolidated railroad from New London to Providence. Before many weeks, probably, the running of trains will be controlled from these places.

An international polo match is among the possibilities—many think probabilities—for Newport the coming season. It is hoped that Mr. Foxhall Keene and Mr. J. E. Cowdin, now in England, will be able to arrange such a match.

Text books and supplies used in Rhode Island public schools will, after July 1st next, be furnished at public expense. A law to that effect was passed last week. Hereafter the School Committee of each town will be obliged to furnish the books, which will be loaned to the puplis, and, unless they injure the books there will be no charge for their use.

There has been a large number of cottagers in town this week and there is every indication that Newport's season for 1893 will be one of the gayest in her history. Many of the cottages are to receive more or less alterations and improvements and the prospects are good for much activity amongst the carpenters and masons for the months of May and June.

It now looks as if there would be two daily boats between Newport and Block Island during the coming summer. Capt. Dodge, having been awarded the contract for carrying the United States mail, will probably put his steamer Ocean View into commission and the Geo. W. Danielson will of course be run as usual. Well, competition is said to be the life of trade.

It is expected that by October 1st, the entire system of the Providence street railway will be run by electricity as the motive power. Notwithstanding the Telegram's opposition, the trolley seems to be in it. It is possible that a better system of running street cars may be invented in the future but it is certain that no better system has yet been devised.

There is a great deal of loud talk about impending revolution in this State at the May Session of the General Assembly. A great many of the statements are the wildest kind of nonsense. It is quite probable that the Democratic party will bluster for a while but a sober second thought will show them they have no ground to stand on. In the first place the precedents for everything the Republicans claim are so numerous in this State that they cannot at this late date be ignored by either party. The Republicans claim seats by reason of no elections in the towns of Jamestown, South Kingstown, Pawtucket, Westerly and perhaps other towns. Now there has not been a General Assembly for many years in which there were not more or less of these hold-over members. Mr. William P. Clarke, the first Representative from Newport, has held his seat for at least two sessions by this hold-over process. The late Geo. J. Hendricks, of North Smithfield, was a member of the House for three sessions continuously by virtue of no election of a successor in his town. If, therefore, the Democrats refuse to allow the hold-over members to sit till their successors are elected and qualified then they will violate every precedent and would cause a reaction against them which would do them far more harm than the loss of governor and other State officers. Again, no legislative body can refuse to receive the credentials of any member when those credentials are in the proper form and signed by the proper officials. They may examine the member's right to a seat later but they must admit him first. Although each House is the judge of the election of its own members, where there is a contest to the member's seat, the House must proceed in a fair and legal manner to examine into the case, and all sides must have a fair hearing. No member can be kicked out, as you would kick a dog from your door. The party that attempts this kicking-out process would soon find itself in a hopeless minority. The facts in the case are that the members who have the certificates from the various town and city clerks must be seated temporarily. The House must be organized on that basis. Immediately after the organization the two Houses must go into Grand Committee and elect the State officers. After that each House can consider the qualifications of its members at leisure. Any different action from the above on the part of either body would be sufficient grounds for the other House refusing to go into Grand Committee and the present State officers would then hold over. The statement has been made that if the Senate should refuse to go into Grand Committee the Democratic members might join the House and thus proceed to elect the Democratic State officers. It is well to bear in mind that the Democratic members acting individually are not the Senate, and their going into Grand Committee would have no more legal effect than would any equal number of citizens in the same position. State officers elected by such a Grand Committee would have no standing in law, and the Democratic candidates being sensible and law-abiding men would probably refuse to take office under such circumstances.

Com. Morgan's New Steam Yacht.

Com. E. D. Morgan of the New York Yacht Club will fly his pennant the coming season from the steam yacht May, which he purchased abroad some time ago. The yacht is a big and handsome vessel, and will be a worthy head to the fine squadron which she will lead. She is now under charter to Mr. Ogden Goelet.

The May was built for V. B. Stewart of Glasgow by the Allan Shipbuilding Company, at Troon, Scot., in 1891, from designs of G. L. Watson, the designer of the Thistle and Lord Dunraven's new Valkyria. She is built of steel and is schooner rigged. She bears a close resemblance to Frederick W. Vanderbilt's steam yacht Conqueror, which is also an English-built craft.

According to yacht measurement she registers 766 tons; gross register 655.71 tons; net, 115.88 tons. Her principal dimensions are 240 feet over all; length for tonnage, 214 feet 2 inches; length on water line, 205 feet; beam 27 feet 8 inches; depth of hold, 17 feet 6 inches; draught aft, about 14 feet. She is classed 100 A1 in Lloyd's for 20 years.

She is about 180 horse-power, and is fitted with triple expansion engines, made by David Rowan & Son of Glasgow, with cylinders 19, 31, and 51 inches by a 33 inch stroke. Under a working pressure of about 180 pounds of steam she can make, at sea, between 12½ and 13 knots per hour. Her coal bunkers have a capacity of about 185 tons. She has very fine accommodations, and is fitted throughout with steam heat and electric lights. Aft of the engine room is a large drawing-room handsomely fitted up, and five commodious staterooms, one of them double, and all of which are luxuriously furnished. In addition there is a good-sized bathroom and a photographic darkroom. Forward is the dining-room, finished in mahogany, and four splendid staterooms.

On deck she has two fine saloons, one forward and one aft, with a pantry in the forward one. The galley is also on deck, and connects with the pantry. She carries five boats all told—a cutter, lifeboat, two dingies and a steam launch. Take her all in all she should prove a very creditable addition to the New York Yacht Club fleet, and, while in some ways Com. Gerry's old Electra can never be replaced, still the new craft should prove a very acceptable substitute.

As soon as Mr. Goelet's charter of the May runs out she will immediately be forwarded to this country, and will probably reach New York early in May.

The South Kingstown Case.

The Narragansett Weekly, Secretary of State Utter's paper, gives the following clear statement of this case:

One of the questions raised relates to the election in South Kingstown. In 1888 the District of Narragansett was set off from South Kingstown for certain purposes, but in its representation in the General Assembly there was no change. By section 13 of the act, (Chapter 710 of the Public Laws,) the town was divided into "two election districts" for "all State and National elections, including that of Senator and Representatives in the General Assembly;" and by section 18 it was provided that "if no election shall have been made of Senator or Representative * * * upon the day appointed by law for any election, the said Town Council shall order a new election to be held not more than ten days from the first election." In 1891, however, an act was passed providing that in all towns divided into voting districts—which South Kingstown was—such second elections should be held on the third day after the first election, and that no adjournment should exceed seven days from the first election. Section 2 of this act of 1891 repealed all acts inconsistent therewith. This, therefore, was the question: Had the act of 1891 repealed so much of the act of 1888 as was inconsistent therewith? If it had, then no election could be held after Wednesday, April 12th. This view was taken by the Town Council, and accordingly no further election has been ordered, leaving the Senator and Representative of last year to sit the coming year as hold-over members.

The condition of the stranded schooner, John Paull, off Green Hill, remains about the same. Capt. Phillips, of Taunton, Mass., who recently bought her, has yet made no move toward taking out her masts, which are worth over $1,000.

"Pleasant Places in Rhode Island and How to Reach Them" is the title of a neat little volume by Mariana M. Tallman, author of "Tent V., Chautauqua," "The Fairhaven Four" and other interesting works. It is published by the Providence Journal Co., and is a description of the many places in the state of historic interest. It is fully illustrated and is useful as well as interesting.

Samuel R. Honey, of Newport, is the present head of the Democratic party in this State; and he is a manipulator of manipulators. Therefore, let no one think the Republicans are sure to have the State government next year just because they have the most votes in the Grand Committee at present.—[Narragansett Weekly.

General Assembly.

Matters have been very quiet in the General Assembly this week, the numerous acts of incorporation for electric roads alone exciting discussion. A large number of resolutions and bills were considered, of which the following were of special interest to Newport. An act incorporating the Rhode Island School for languages was passed by the Senate and a resolution providing for the heating and lighting of Armories in Newport, introduced by Lieut. Gov. Bull, was referred to the committee on Finance of that body. The bill confirming the provision that the Newport board of Aldermen be elected by wards rather then at large; an act providing for appointments of police matrons in the various cities of the state; act creating a park commission for Newport, and an act putting the care of Newport sidewalks in the hands of the city council passed the House. An act confirming the lease of the Old Colony railroad, and a resolution requesting the United States government to provide a harbor of refuge in Great Salt Pond, Block Island, were passed in concurrence. A petition for a pardon of James Foley of Pawtucket, who had served about two years of a three year's sentence in state prison, was granted.

A NEWSPAPER MAN

Connected With the Great Paper, the Albany Express

Makes Statements Which the People Should Know and Understand.

They Will Interest Not Only the Newspaper Fraternity but Everybody.

The popular and well-known Thomas A. Lindsay, who is connected with Albany's (N. Y.) leading morning paper, the Albany Express, makes an interesting revelation.

Everybody connected with the newspaper has known of the facts for some time, and can vouch for their truth in every particular.

"For many years," said Mr. Lindsay, "I have been subject to severe spells of headache and nervousness, at times almost enough to drive a man to insanity from pain, loss of sleep, etc.

"Medicines, narcotics, patent and prescribed, did not give relief and the ailment increased continually. Having read in the Albany Morning Express, at different times, the advertisements of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I concluded to try this remedy, and after the use of six or seven bottles, found not only relief, but almost a radical cure.

"The headaches are a thing of the past, while the terrible nervous spells have gradually become less and less until now I have little or none of them left and my sleep is natural and refreshing.

"I do not hesitate in saying that this remarkable change is entirely due to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I heartily recommend it for ailments like my own, no matter the cause of them."

It is a fact that our great business and professional men are fast finding out the wonderful invigorating and strengthgiving powers of this most valuable discovery, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It is the medicine for the weak and nervous. It restores health to the sick.

Its remarkable cure of Mr. Lindsay, after everything else had failed, makes another conspicuous person, restored to health by its use, to add to the long and constantly increasing list of prominent and well known people who are almost daily publishing in the papers statements of their cures by this grand medicine.

It is beyond all question the greatest curer of disease known at the present day, and is the very best spring medicine for blood and nerves. Everybody needs a spring medicine, and this is just the remedy to take. It is purely vegetable and harmless, and is sold by druggists for $1.

This great remedy is the discovery and prescription of the famous physician, Dr. Greene, of 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., who is the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases in this country. We would add that the doctor can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

Base Ball.

The Fall River High School nine visited Newport Wednesday to play the Rogers Highs, by whom they were defeated by a score of 7 to 4. The Rogers boys had out their new nine, which promises well, but has not yet got into good working order.

Lieut. Gov. Bull and other members of the committee have, it is understood, about decided to recommend the Wilbour Reynolds farm at Quidnesett as a permanent camp ground for the State militia. They visited the place on Thursday and were very much pleased with it in every way, excepting its distance from the railroad station.

There is a lively fight in process in the 7th congressional district of Massachusetts. Speaker Barrett is making a brilliant canvass against great odds. He has not only the Democratic party against him, led by Dr. Everett, but he has the disgruntled Republicans and the prohibitionists. The election takes place next Tuesday.

The General Assembly is still at work grinding out bills, and the prospect is good for a month's session yet. Well, the members work for a dollar a day and board themselves, so no one ought to envy them the luxury of remaining in session well into hot weather.

There was a destructive fire in Olneyville Thursday night which destroyed Edward Ryan's yarn mill, loss $34,000. About $30,000 worth of cotton was burned the same night at Fall River belonging to the Chace mill.

Edwin Booth, the famous tragedian, who had a dangerous attack of illness a few days ago, is very much better, and is now considered in no immediate danger.

Mr. Benjamin F. Downing is about to build a modern cottage, 26x33 feet on School street, and Mr. Dennis Buckley has filed his intentions to build a two-story house on Howard street.

The repairs on the Newport Street Railroad was begun yesterday.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

WASHINGTON MATTERS.

Cleveland and the American Flag—Two Orders that Have Brought Criticism Upon Him—Democrats Mean't Want Senator Hoar's Investigated—Notes.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17, 1893.

Mr. Cleveland has certainly been unfortunate in the orders he has issued concerning flags. People have not yet forgotten the heart of indignation that was raised during his first administration when he issued an order directing that the battle flags in the war department, which were captured during the civil war by union troops, should be returned to their original owners. That indignation was so universal, outside of the South, and even there the order was not generally favored, that the order was never carried into effect, and the captured flags are still in the war department. The indignation over his order to lower the American flag which Minister Stevens had raised over Hawaii months ago is even deeper and stronger than that aroused by the battle flag order, but as yet it isn't so loud here, at Washington, because, being an international question, prominent men hesitate to publicly speak their opinion about the lowering of the American flag—the first instance of the kind on record, and it is to be hoped the last—for fear that it may injure American interests. But privately, condemnation of the act is heard on every hand, and not a little of it comes from democrats. Even those democrats who tried to smooth the matter over and talk about its coming all right in the end admit their regret that the flag should have been lowered upon Mr. Cleveland's order and by a man who spent four of the best years of his life fighting to destroy that flag and all it represented. Perhaps the members of the administration are not familiar with this quotation from Hon. Wm. Maxwell Evarts' "Our National Banner", which is echoed in the hearts of millions of American citizens, ready and willing to fight, and to die, if need be, for "Old Glory"—

"Let that banner wave forever,
May its lustrous stars fade never,
Till the stars shall pale on high;
While there's right the wrong defeating,
While there's hope in true hearts beating,
Truth and freedom shall not die."

Had the sailors on the U. S. S. Boston, now anchored in the harbor of Honolulu, felt disposed to sing the "Star-Spangled Banner," after the humiliating episode of lowering the stars and stripes had occurred, they might fittingly have used a revised version of the familiar words, something like the following:—

"Oh, say, we can't see by noon's bright light,
What so proudly we hailed at the twilights last gleaming,
Whose broad stripes and bright stars, in the dim light,
O'er the ramparts we watched, were so gallantly streaming,
And the rockets red glare, the bombs bursting in air,
Gave proof through the night that our flag was still there:
Oh, say, the star-spangled banner doesn't wave;
It has been lowered by the hand of a ——."

Raising the Constitution of the U. S. as a bar to prevent something they do not wish to have done is a very old trick with the democrats in Congress, and, yet it does seem surprising that they should be willing to go before the country with such a flimsy excuse for not being willing to have the charge of criminal embezzlement against Senator Roach investigated. The republican Senators being a minority could not force the democrats to vote on Senator Hoar's resolution, before adjurning, but they could, and did, compel the democratic majority to put itself on record as being afraid to allow this investigation to be made, not because it would almost certainly have resulted in the expulsion of Roach, but because it would have laid bare the methods by which the election of Roach was secured, methods far from creditable. Republican Senators are willing to let the matter go in that shape to the intelligent people of the country, for the present at least. They will bring the matter up again at the regular session of Congress, when they hope to be able to compel the Senate to take action.

Half of official Washington will go down to see the interesting international naval review in Hampton Roads, in which, thanks to a republican Congress and the Harrison administration, the United States will make such a creditable showing.

The end of the extra session of the Senate was very quiet, although there were serveral very stormy periods during its last days.

In suspending the further issue of gold certificates Secretary Carlisle was rather hasty. The law says they shall be suspended when the gold in the Treasury falls below $100,000,000. This it was not yet done, although it may do so before the week ends. J. B.

Hon. Levi P. Morton, ex-Vice President of the United States, is the owner of the largest Guernsey herd of cattle in the world. His magnificent estate is on the Hudson, directly in front of Espocus Mountains. It consists of 1000 acres fronting on the river and extending back for more than a mile.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

APRIL 1893. STANDARD TIME.

	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water Morn	High water Eve
22 Sat	5 10	6 47	1 11	0 30	12 59
23 Sun	5 9	6 48	1 56	1 29	1 57
24 Mon	5 7	6 49	2 38	2 25	2 53
25 Tues	5 6	6 50	2 59	3 19	3 44
26 Wed	5 4	6 51	3 23	4 10	4 32
27 Thurs	5 3	6 52	3 44	4 56	5 17
28 Fri	5 2	6 53	4 3	5 39	6 00

Full Moon, 1st day, 3h. 18m., morning.
Last Quarter, 9th day, 8h. 35m., morning.
New Moon 16th day, 9h. 33m., morning.
First Quarter, 23d day, 8h. 36m., morning.
Full Moon, 30th day, 6h. 20m., evening.

ARE YOU BILIOUS? THEN USE PARSON'S PILLS.

"Best Liver Pill Made"

Positively cure BILIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, all Liver and Bowel Complaints. Put up in Glass Vials. Thirty in a bottle, one a dose. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find great benefit from using them. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for stamps: Sixty-five bottles $1.00. Full particulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For INTERNAL as much as EXTERNAL use.

ORIGINATED By an Old Family Physician.

Cures Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Cramps, Pains, stops Inflammation in body or limb, like magic. Cures Coughs, Asthma, Catarrh, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatic Pains, Neuralgia, Lame Back, Stiff Joints, Strains, Illustrated Book free. Price, 50 cents; six for $2.00. Sold by druggists. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Horsfords ACID PHOSPHATE.

An agreeable preparation of the phosphates, for Indigestion, Nervousness, Mental and Physical Exhaustion.

Recommended and prescribed by Physicians of all schools.

Trial bottle mailed on receipt of 25 cents in stamps. Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.

A. O'D. Taylor

1—To lease for one year at $250 from date, the N. H. Peckham Farm with cottage on Green End, Middletown. Immediate application necessary, or will sell
2—For sale at $550 a property on Ferry wharf, Newport, with paying tenants, close to Thames street. (Rising in value.)
3—To rent furnished for summer season at $250, a charming cottage in Middletown, overlooking Coddington Bay. For a quiet family preferring country life to Casino and parties, this is an opportunity seldom available.

Office 124 Bellevue Avenue.

MARRIAGES

April 13, by Rev. W. F. Arrington, Mr. William Edward Clayton and Mrs. Mary Allen Grinnell, both of New Bedford, Mass.

In this city, 18th inst., at St. Joseph's church, by Rev. M. G. Downing, Michael F. Lacey to Bridget L. Clune, all of this city.

In Providence, 11th inst., by Rev. George Wheeler, Jared E. Dewey and Lucretia M., daughter of Hon. J. T. Dodge, both of New Shoreham.

BIRTHS

In this city, 14th inst., Ellen McGowan, widow of Patrick McGowan.

In this city, 16th inst., Bridget, widow of the late John Byrnes, aged 15 years.

In this city, 17th inst., Thomas B., son of Thomas D. and Hannah Champlin, aged 6 years.

In this city, 17th inst., Captain John Connolly, in the 78th year of his age.

In this city, 17th inst., Mary A., daughter of Mercy E. and the late George H. Fish, in the 26th year of her age.

In this city, 18th inst., John M. Carr, in the 68th year of his age.

In this city, 18th inst., Lucresia, daughter of Frank and Mary Fabrizio, aged 3 months and 7 days.

In this city, 19th inst., John F. Gardiner, aged 46 years.

In this city, 19th inst., Mary E., widow of Entered into rest, April 19, Mary H., widow of William Gibbs Peckham and daughter of the late Joseph T. Perry, in the 60th year of her age.

In Middletown, 20th inst., Nancy, widow of James Chase, Jr., in the 77th year of her age. Funeral will take place from her late residence West Road, Middletown, near Fair Grounds tomorrow, Sunday, at 11 o'clock A. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

In Middletown, April 19, Lucy B., wife of Matthew Weaver, aged 61 years.

the late Thomas Lewis, aged 57 years.

In Providence 15th inst., Harriet N., daughter of the late George and May Scott, 81; 16, Mary A., wife of Abiram Blair, 72; 17, Adam Flannagan, 72; 17, Captain Peleg Macomber, 86; 17, Clara Barrett, wife of W. A. Fisk.

In Pawtucket, 11th inst., Jessie, wife of Deacon Thomas P. Steere, in her 49th year.

In Johnston, 15th inst., Nathan J. Sweetland, in his 68th year.

SUPREME COURT.

March Term—Adjourned Session.

The March term of the Supreme court reopened here on Monday, according to adjournment, with Justices Rogers and Douglas on the bench. The case of State vs. John Reynold, for burglary, was called for trial, but the prisoner had changed his mind and, retracting his plea, he was sentenced to three years in the state prison. The divorce petition of Mrs. Billsteen vs. Per K. Billsteen was heard and granted. The case of James Groves et ux vs. Dennis W. Sheehan et ux., was dismissed for non-complaint with the court's order to redeem real estate, which threw the whole matter back to the old case of the common pleas and a special session of that court was called for its trial on Thursday last. The plaintiff in the case of James W. Williams vs. George Babcock Hazard for trespass, in which the jury awarded $500, the plaintiff accepted the $100 in compliance with the court's recent order, and the matter then ended. The court adjourned to June 5 next.

For Sale.

A few more lots of the West Providence Land Co., on Hiles Road near Broadway. Also three or four on Bradford avenue of Bradford & White heirs land. Having sold a number of these lots during the past two weeks I can recommend them for prospective value, for investors, for building or holding.

SIMEON HAZARD, Sole Agent, 94 Broadway.

FRAUDS will be Perpetrated for Gain.

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely resembling in every detail, to Carter's Little Liver Pills.

In this way they hope to profit by the merit of Carter's Little Liver Pills, and palm off an imitation on the unsuspecting sufferer and purchaser.

It is the source of wonder to honest people, that there are men ready and willing to perpetrate such frauds.

Let them beware; a day of reckoning will surely come, there are "upright judges" in the land who will punish such people.

When you go for a bottle of Carter's Little Liver Pills, ask for "CARTER'S" insist upon having "CARTER'S," and see that you get "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S"

The proprietors of Carter's Little Liver Pills have spent hundreds of thousands of dollars to make their value known. True merit always wins with the people, CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS have won.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price

BUY YOUR WALL PAPER AT FACTORY PRICES.

Facts Worth Knowing

Good Chamber Papers, White backs, full length, 3c. roll. Better Ones for Kitchens, Halls, &c., 5c. roll. Pretty Gilt Papers, all colors, 6 to 10c. Handsome PARLOR PAPERS, 10 to 15c. Hand Made and Pressed Papers as low as 75c. and as high as you wish to go.

Everyone knows we almost give away Borders. We sell to consumers as low as other dealers buy. We keep only the best there is, made by the largest factories. Buying for 20 stores, we can sell at a low profit. Selling enormous quantities, a small profit is enough. Thousands of pleased customers testify to our ability to do as above.

If you want to select goods at home, we send samples by mail. Send (8) eight cents to pay postage. Deduct it when ordering.

The U. S. Wall Paper Syndicate,

(INCORPORATED)

815 WESTMINSTER STREET, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

OPERATE 20 STORES IN NEW ENGLAND.

Schreier's

Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,

143 THAMES STREET,

The Leading and Largest

Exclusive Millinery House in the City.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

Trimmed Hats,

Elegant Designs,

Every Department fully stocked with

CHOICE NOVELTIES.

OUR BUSINESS A SPECIALTY.

MILLINERY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

As usual our Prices are the Lowest.

Corned Salmon Trout

is fine eating, and so is

Corned Salmon.

We are selling lots of it for 10 cents a pound.

10-lb. PAILS OF

MACKEREL $1.00.

We are selling the Monitor Pea FOR 10c. A CAN.

FROM THIS OUT WE SHALL HAVE

BANANAS,

lots of them and at low prices.

WING & THOMPSON, 172 & 176 B'way, Lake's Korner

SEED OATS.

A Carload New York State

Just arrived. We also have in transit due to arrive in a few days.

1 Car Vermont Seed Oats,

1 Car Michigan Seed Oats.

BRIGGS & CO.,

COMMERCIAL WHARF,

SEED POTATOES.

Last year Mr. Roberson, of Parkhurst & Roberson, selected the seed I sold. It was raised by themselves and by members of the Pomona Grange. This year Mr. Roberson has associated himself with Mr. Phair, who is also a seed grower. The seed I offer will be raised by themselves, and from seed furnished to members of Pomona Grange. For reference I refer you to Mr. B. B. Blackstone, master, and Mr. H. C. Townsend, secretary, of Pomona Grange. My seed will be in about March 6. I invite you to call and examine it.

Stockbridge Manures

ARE IN AND READY TO FILL ANY ORDERS.

Landreths' Garden Seeds.

I am agent for these Northern grown seeds, they are all tested before put on the market to sell. I have a full line on hand.

A. A. BARKER,

162 & 164 BROADWAY.

Your Wife's Watch

ought to be equal to yours, at least.

Her minutes cost her more than yours and bring her less. You see that at dinner time, at supper time, at breakfast time, and—well, all the time. Haven't you learned her needs? She needs a watch that she can risk anywhere; accurate, stylish and genuine—and not expensive: the new, **quick-winding** Waterbury. Handsome as a hundred dollar watch, though it costs only $15 down to $4.

It is cased in gold, filled, coin-silver, etc. It is stem-winding and setting, a jewled movement. It may save a costlier one. Every jeweler keeps this watch in all styles. 42

LIFE IMPRISONMENT

Is the Sentence Pronounced Upon Murderer Edward Begor.

He Makes a Full Confession to a Fellow Convict Giving the Awful Details of the Murder of Mrs. Rogers.

GREENFIELD, Mass., April 21.—Edward Begor, who confessed to a fellow convict named Taylor that he had murdered Mrs. Abigail Rogers and who was betrayed by his confidante, retracted his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty in the second degree. Judge Fessenden then sentenced him to hard labor in the state prison for life, the first day in solitary confinement.

After Begor's sentence Detective Munigan consented to give to the Springfield Union the full story of Begor's confession to Taylor, which was as follows:

"I got up about 7 o'clock Sunday morning. I went down to the spring to get a drink of water and came back and found Artie and Mrs. Rogers still in bed. She said if I would build a fire she would get up. I did so, but I put so much kerosene in the fire that it

Nearly Burned the Shanty Up.

She and Artie then got up. She cooked potatoes, pork and eggs, and made griddle cakes and tea. I ate one of the griddle cakes and it was so poor it nearly choked me. She asked what was the matter and I said the griddle cake was so d——d poor it nearly choked me.

"It made her mad. I began to tease the old woman again, and she said, 'If you don't stop I'll have you arrested again—yes, I will, you d——d Frenchman.' I took her by the bosom and said, 'You'll never have the chance to have me arrested.' I held her with one hand and struck her twice with my other fist. I took the frying pan then and hit her.

That Knocked Her Stiff,

and she rolled off the bed, lying on her back. I then took a big drink of whisky and began looking for her money. I looked down at her. Her eyes were open, watching me.

"I went outdoors and got the stick and smashed her head in. Then I threw the covers of the stove on her face and put the centerpiece of the stove under her head. They were hot then. I threw the tick, bedclothes and other things over her. I was so excited that I did not get the money, and I did not know what I was doing. I intended to go back Monday, but I did not dare to. I was a d——d fool not to burn the shanty up with her body in it, or take it down on the railroad track. I left the house at 11 or 12:30."

Concord's Big Blaze.

CONCORD, N. H., April 21.—Concord's worst fire for several years occurred last night in the boiler room of Mead, Mason & Co.'s 3-story brick steam lumber mill, and on account of the combustible nature of the adjoining buildings and contents a general alarm was rung in, and in less than half an hour the main building was a mass of ruins.

Exceeded Her Requirements.

BATH, Me., April 21.—The gunboat Machias was tried at sea yesterday and made a fine showing, the average speed being 14 3-4 knots under a forced draught, which is 1 3-4 knots greater than is required by the contract. She will soon go to the Kittery navy yard to be cleaned for her official four hours' test.

Lacks Confirmation.

BOSTON, April 21.—The Boston News Bureau says: "A representative of an English syndicate, representing some $5,000,000, is in Boston looking over the books of large mercantile houses. At present he is negotiating for the control of one of the large grocery firms." Boston grocers deny it.

Republican Mayor In Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., April 18.—In the second election for mayor, the result was a sweeping victory for James P. Baxter (rep.). In ward One, where the fraud was perpetrated in March, giving the election to Ingraham, the result gave Baxter 541 votes and Ingraham 500.

Murderer Harris Is Sick.

SING SING, April 21.—Carlyle Harris is very nervous, and that, with gastritis, made him so sick that the prison physician gave him a hyperdermic injection of morphine. Harris says that he does not want his mother to hear of his sickness.

Held Without Bail.

HOLYOKE, Mass., April 21.—A hearing was granted Peter Knox, who threw a broken broom at John Colon last Thursday, inflicting injuries which proved fatal, before Judge Chapin, and the judge held Knox without bail for the grand jury.

Held In $1500 Each.

LYNN, Mass., April 19.—Horatio E. Day and Frank M. Chandler pleaded not guilty to a charge of breaking and entering the dwelling of Mr. William Warren of Saugus on the night of April 13, and were held in $1500 each for trial Friday.

For Governor of Massachusetts.

LYNN, Mass., April 19.—Prominent Republicans of the city say that Mayor Hayes, the defeated nominee for congress, will be pushed by the district workers for the nomination for governor.

No Place For Loafers.

BARRE, Vt., April 19.—The United States postal authorities have notified the village bailiffs and police that unless loafing is prohibited in front of the postoffice evenings the office will be closed.

Dead to the World.

BOSTON, April 21.—Miss Mary A. McLaughlin of this city and Miss Catherine Mary Tracy of Woonsocket, R. I., took the black veil at the convent of nuns of Mount Carmel, Roxbury.

Mrs. Maybrick Attempts Suicide.

LONDON, April 18.—Mrs. Maybrick tried to kill herself in the Woking prison. She is said to have stabbed herself severely in the throat and chest with a tableknife.

Smith Is Looking For Dempsey.

LYNN, Mass., April 20.—Billy Smith has arrived in this city and appears to be in just as good condition as the day before he won the fight from Tom Williams. He is very anxious to meet Dempsey.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

Saturday, April 15.

The administration is pleased with Commissioner Blount's discharge of his mission to Hawaii——J. S. Tooker beat L. La Montague, Jr., in a championship racket match. Senator Chandler favored and Voorhees opposed the Roach investigation in the United States senate——William B. Weed, a hermit, who died in a squalor at Noroton, Conn., left a fortune——Robert Templeton, accused of stealing at Biddeford, Me., was held for the supreme court——An additional cholera inspector was appointed at Vanceboro, Me——A banquet was tendered to ex-Senator Henry L. Dawes at Springfield, Mass——The Massachusetts gas commissioners ordered the price of gas reduced to $1.50 per thousand feet in East Boston, and $1.40 per thousand in Springfield——A bloodless coup d'etat was effected at Belgrade, and King Alexander I, the youthful ruler of Servia, who has heretofore governed the country through regents, today rules in his own name. Haverhill went ahead of her record this week, the shipment of shoes exceeding 10,000 cases. The number of shoes per case will average 45 pairs, making the total close upon 500,000 pairs——The fourth and last annual election of officers of the local board of the World's fair directors was held. The present officers were re-elected. The Thingvalla Steamship line has purchased the Celtic of the White Star line. The price said to have been paid for this steamer is $185,000——Hugh Morrison, manager of the great Makawel sugar plantation at Kauia, the northern of the great Sandwich Islands, is of the opinion that Commissioner Blount made a mistake in lowering the Canadian flag in Honolulu. At Fort Gaines, Ga., an unknown negro was burned alive. He had murdered Bob Burnett, a prominent young white man who kept a store——Disastrous fires are raging in the Homestead, Terra and Highland mines, South Dakota. Thirty miners have been asphyxiated. The mines are being flooded. Divers' suits have been wired for. As the timbers have been burned caving-ins are imminent. The damage will be enormous——It is reported that Mr. Thurber, private secretary to the president, is slated for early retirement——The training ship Enterprise has been assigned a part to play in the coming naval review. Chilli wants the refugees under Minister Egan's protection handed over to the authorities——Death of Roger B. Griffin, from injuries received in a chemical explosion at Boston.

Sunday, April 16.

Socialists are to assist Ahlwardt in placing his accusations before the reichstag——The new Cunarder Campania showed 27 miles an hour on her recent trial trip on the Clyde——The Japanese naval department is making preparations for the construction of four new men-of-war——The Dowager Duchess of Sutherland is charged with burning an important document in a probate case——Chicago and Northwestern telegraphers were told to make their organization or give up their situations——A freight train on the Concord and Montreal railroad ran over an unknown man at Reed's Ferry, N. H. Two thousand houses were destroyed by fire at Kawagigoe, Japan. Many people were injured but no lives were lost. Newmarket N. H., has voted to indefinitely postpone the construction of waterworks under its charter privileges——Charles Orcutt was arrested in Haverhill, Mass., in the act of robbing the safe in the counting room of Morris S. Tittum & Co.——Twelve of the Haverhill (Mass.) shoe manufacturers have signed and posted the cutters' price list recently adopted by the board of conciliation and arbitration——Mrs. Catherine Cobb of Brockton, Mass., has presented to the Industrial circle the Thomas Wales estate valued at $8500, as the site for a "Wales home" for old ladies——A mail train on the North Fitchburg (Mass.) road narrowly escaped disaster by striking a rock in the cut between Marlboro and Keene. The car steps on one side of the train were torn off.

Monday, April 17.

Mexican railroads are now under a law similar to the interstate law of this country——The cashier of a Nashville bank is from $40,000 to $80,000 short in his accounts——A special dispatch to a Kansas City paper says the Hawaiian royalists believe the queen will soon be restored by Mr. Blount——More foreign warships have arrived at Hampton Roads——Rioting is reported in Brussels——Several spectators were injured at a fire at Louisville. Great western railroads formed an agreement on transcontinental and intermediate freight——A great labor union is to be formed——The Duke of Veragua and party attended mass in New York and passed a quiet day——Rev. Dr. Vandyke of New York has decided not to accept an Andover (Mass.) seminary professorship——A legislative committee favored granting a charter to the Boston and Nova Scotia Coal company——The Rollstone Congregational church, Fitchburg, Mass., celebrated its 25th anniversary——New Bedford (Mass.) carriage workers are on a strike——Several officers of the Connecticut militia have been ordered for duty at the state prison. A Columbian bell to be cast at Troy, N. Y., is to be composed of historic relics. A Universalist church dedicated at Haverhill, Mass.——The Boston baseball team is at Charlotteville, Va., and will begin practise in earnest——A bloody and fatal battle occurred between Hungarian and Italian miners near Hazelton, Pa.——The body of a missing Westport (Conn.) man was found and his friend has been arrested for his murder——"Cuckoo" Collins, sprinter, employed in Barnum's circus, was mortally shot by his backer——Dedham (Mass.) citizens have asked the board of fire engineers to investigate recent incendiary fires in that town.

Tuesday April 18.

The Essex Institute paid a tribute to the memory of the late Dr. Henry Wheatland; Mayor Rantoul, Professor Edward S. Morse and others speak at Salem——The president and Secretary Carlisle are not alarmed by the treasury situation. A new issue of bonds will be ordered only as a last expedient——Appointments were made at the Southern New England and Maine Methodist conferences——Lieutenant Peary delivered a lecture to students at Brattleboro, Vt.——A Bennington (Vt.) contractor was probably sandbagged and robbed at Troy, N. Y——The Nashua (N. H.) Savings bank is declared to be all right——A young man was arrested for posting Louisiana lottery circulars, which had been printed in Boston, in Brooklyn. A mass meeting was held in Boston in favor of home rule——Billy Smith beat Tom Williams in two rounds at Coney Island for the welter-weight championship. Air in gas pipes is believed to be the cause of the many cases of asphyxiation in Boston——Horace G. Day and Frank Chandler were arrested on the charge of attempting to rob William Warren of Saugus, Mass. A whole family was injured in a runaway at Dedham, Mass.——A Provincetown (Mass.) fisherman was drowned on the Western banks——It is said that native Hawaiians are almost a unit against annexation——Baggage and freight are to be carried by the Lynn and Boston Street Railroad company——English and Scotch corps are being formed to aid Ulster in its fight against home rule——Captain Perkins of Manchester is chosen junior major of the First regiment, New Hampshire National Guard——Mrs. Anna Potter, who claimed to be mayor of Kansas City, Kan., spent $9000 in her campaign, which netted her 26 votes——Rear Admiral Benham, who commands one of the squadrons in the Hampton Roads naval review, was the commander of the vessel that bore General Grant around the world.

Wednesday, April 19.

Homer Hyde, the hermit of Mt. Auburn, Mass., is dead——The price of gas has been reduced at Worcester, Mass——The Belgian revolution succeeded and the house voted for universal suffrage——Charges of corruption in the weather bureau are to be investigated——The Earl of Craven married Miss Bradley-Martin in Grace church, New York——Boston league champions are in hard training in Virginia——The Dominion may substitute ad valorem for specific duties——Five miners were killed and four injured by an explosion in a railroad tunnel in Colorado——There was a terrific and fatal explosion of nitro-glycerine near Lima, O——Captain Vankerckhoven, the famous military officer of the Congo Free State, is reported dead——Thomas M. Barr & Co., coffee brokers, New York, have suspended——Every business house in Cassville, Mo., was burned. There is great suffering among the citizens. Hohenzollern palace was damaged by fire. Peace is probable in the Choctaw nation. D. W. Bagley, banker, Jacksonville, Tex., has assigned——Ex-Mayor J. K. C. Sleeper of Malden, Mass., is dead——Air Line stock barns at Middlefield, Conn., were burned. The drought in a part of Mexico has not been broken and the cotton and corn crops will be a failure again this year. The British ship Jason, from Calcutta, Feb. 15, for Boston, put into Mauritius partially dismasted——The barge Mercedita, from Norfolk for Boston, which broke adrift from the steamer Orion, arrived in New York under her own sail. At Briggs, W. Va., Calder's grindstone factory boiler blew up, killing two men and seriously injuring two others. The building was wrecked——This week's bulletin of the Iowa weather crop service reports abnormally cold weather, checking plant growth and restraining farming work——A. M. Stadler & Co., clothing dealers, Cincinnati, assigned to David Heinsheimer. Liabilities about $50,000; assets, $25,000 to $40,000.

Thursday, April 20.

The New York sub-treasury will continue to redeem treasury notes in gold. Senator Pasco of Florida has been reelected——A movement for the secession of the mainland of British Columbia from Vancouver Island is on foot——Edwin Booth is dying. He has had a second stroke of paralysis at the Players' club in New York——Souvenir coins are being prepared for use of lady managers of Columbian fair——The silver payment of 1890 treasury notes will not be begun until the gold reserve drops below the 100-1,000,000 point. Lord Salisbury attacked the home rule bill at the Primrose league meeting. Rev. Calvin M. Clark was installed as pastor of the Center Congregational church, Haverhill, Mass.——The works of the Clinton (Mass.) Wire Cloth company were badly damaged by fire——The Charlestown (Mass.) prison was damaged about $5000 by fire, supposed to have been set by a convict——Governor Morris of Connecticut has signed the anti-pool bill——A Manchester (N. H.) embezzler was caught at Dover, N. J.——A reward has been offered for the capture and conviction of firebugs at Castleton, Vt.——The Ingham County (Mich.) Savings bank is in trouble. There is an alarming epidemic of typhus fever in Mexico——Mrs. T. Thatcher Graves arrived at Denver and met her husband——The Dowager Duchess of Sutherland was too ill to go to jail. Zante is again shaken by severe earthquakes——The Massachusetts naval brigade will take part in the naval parade in New York——Harry Lynch has been implicated in the shooting of James Fish at Pontiac, R. I.——A strike on the Atchison road is imminent——Four persons perished in a fire at Cambridge, Minn——A cumulative sentence bill passed the Ohio assembly——The resignation of the Chilian cabinet has been accepted——Municipal elections in Illinois favored the saloon interests. George Gould says the Union Pacific's floating debt is only $4,000,000——Owing to pressure of business the supreme court will not attend the Columbian ceremonies. The ex-mayor of Kansas City claims the office of mayor on the ground that his successor did not qualify in time.

Friday, April 21.

Major Merrill was appointed insurance commissioner, and Horace G. Wadlin chief of bureau of labor statistics by the governor of Massachusetts, and confirmed. W. B. McLellan was named for fire marshal, to succeed Charles W. Whitcomb. W. W. Burke of Nantasket, Mass., was murderously assaulted. His supposed assailant has been arrested——Two nuns were admitted to full membership in the order of Carmelites in Boston——The gunboat Machias, built at Bath, Me., made an average speed of 14 3-4 knots at sea——A bride of eight months shot herself over the corpse of her husband at New Haven. Edward Begor pleaded guilty to the murder of Mrs. Abigail Rogers at Wendell, Mass., and was sentenced to prison for life. William Arnold of Worcester, Mass., was fatally injured in New York——Dr. S. S. Lane, formerly of Boston, has been sent to an insane asylum at Chicago——The directors of the Vienna Opera House have refused to accept Richter's resignation. The death of the widow of General Hancock is announced——Many were killed and hundreds of houses were destroyed by the cyclone in Mississippi——Peter Knox was held without bail at Holyoke, Mass., for manslaughter——A fire in the Chase mills cotton house at Fall River, Mass., caused $45,000 loss——Robert Templeton escaped from his keeper at Biddeford, Me. Refugees escaped from the United States legation at Santiago——A large body of outlaws are sacking towns in Chihuahua, Mex——The Packing company's brewery at Detroit was burned; loss $75,000——Captain Guthrie reports that the Choctaw trouble shows signs of adjustment. Terms of the proposed dockers' compromise seem to favor the English shipowners——The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows an increase of 6,350,000 francs gold and 3,100,000 francs silver. A torpedo boat collided with H. M. S. Nile off Malta and stove a hole in her bow. The warship leaks badly——English investors in the Nicaragua Canal scheme charge Warner Miller with extravagance, and want his resignation as president. Colonel Charles B. Tappen, the oldest resident of New York city, is dead. He was born Feb. 5, 1726.

Woolen Mill Destroyed by Fire.

PROVIDENCE, April 21.—Ryan's woolen mill was destroyed by fire last evening, the entire structure being burned to the ground. The loss will be from $25,000 to $30,000.

Hermit Hyde Dead.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 19.—Homer Hyde, the "Mt. Auburn hermit," is dead. His body was found yesterday afternoon in the midst of the squalor in which he had lived.

As Suspected.

RUTLAND, Vt., April 18.—Frank C. Almy, the murderer of Christy Warden, has confessed to his lawyer that he is George H. Abbott, the desperado.

A Drop of Ten Cents.

WORCESTER, Mass., April 19.—The local gas company has reduced the net rate to consumers from $1.50 to $1.40 per 1000 feet, to take effect June 1.

JAMESTOWN.

Mr. Daniel Watson has rented for Mr. James W. M. Newlin of Philadelphia his furnished cottage on the Highlands to Mr. W. S. Hills of Boston, for the coming season.

Mr. John Middleton, who spent several summers at the Gardner House, died recently in Yokohama, Japan.

Steamer Consolent is laid off for repairs and steamer Jamestown is running in her place between Jamestown and Newport.

Mr. Isaac Howland of Kingston is visiting his son, Mr. George Howland.

Lieutenant J. V. B. Bleaker and family expect to occupy their cottage here this season.

Capt. Chandler and family and Mr John E. Watson, who have been visiting friends in Kingston, Mass., have returned.

This year the Gardner House will be run under a new management, the firm of Gardner and Littlefield, which has for many years managed the business, having been dissolved. Mr. N. S. Littlefield, a member of the old firm, now assumes full charge, and he has engaged Mr. Wm. Crooke of Newport as clerk and Mr. George Lindsey, of Boston, to take charge of the dining room. The rooms in the hotel are about all engaged and every thing seems to indicate a busy and prosperous season. Mrs. Herbert Smith and family and Mrs. Maria Key of Washington and Judge P. L. Wickes and family of Baltimore will again be seen here, having already engaged their accommodations.

Henry D. Martin and family of Albany, A. E. Lahens and family of New York, G. B. Austin and Mrs M. J. Blake of Boston have taken rooms at the Bay View House for the coming season, and Mrs. J. H. Jenness and family of New Jersey will be at the Thorndike.

Mr. Geo. W. Weeden, who has been ill for some time, is improved in health.

PORTSMOUTH.

EASTER ELECTIONS OF ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Senior Warden—George B. Anthony.
Junior Warden—Edward F. Anthony.
Vestrymen—Thomas Hoffman, Benjamin S. Anthony, Colby O. Mitchell, Christopher Barker, George R. Hicks, David F. Gifford, and Oscar C. Manchester.
Treasurer—George R. Hicks.
Parish Clerk—Edward F. Anthony.

The George N. Bayliss place, near Bristol Ferry, which was advertised at mortgagee's sale on the 13th inst., was not sold, as no one was present who was willing to advance on $7200, which was the amount of mortgage and accrued interest, the mortgage is held by the People's Savings Bank of Woonsocket, R. I.

Elbridge I. Stoddard, who recently purchased of the heirs of the late Samuel Shaw, their estate near Bristol Ferry, has been putting an addition to the house, and other improvements to it and the barn. Mr. Joseph Coggeshall is doing the work.

Notwithstanding the cold wintry weather which we are experiencing daily, some of our market gardeners have already opened the season of market gardening, by taking on Friday of last week, some rare-ripe onions to Fall River. Messrs. Willard S. Brayton and William H. Chase are the early ones this year. The onions were some that were put out last fall.

By the report of Benj. F. C. Boyd, the commissioner appointed at the annual town meeting to investigate the matter of laying out a road from the west main-road to Portsmouth Grove Station, that of the town concludes to run the road straight down the hill, the land which is owned by Edward Anthony and Benjamin Hall, will be given; but if it is to sweep around the hill, either to the north or south the land will have to be paid for.

The Council viewed the premises a week ago yesterday and decided to have a meeting at the Town Clerk's Office on Tuesday, the 18th inst., at which meeting the president of the council was appointed a committee to confer with some civil engineer as to the probable cost of grading said hill to a grade not to exceed one inch rise to the foot, and report the same to the Council.

Councilman Brayton was appointed a committee to confer with the Supervisor of Highways Cornelius S. Greene, in Dist. No. 12, relative to the re-planking of Little Bridge—sometimes so-called—in said district and if needed to have it done forthwith.

Asa B. Anthony was authorized and directed to have the needed repairs made to the road machine.

The interior of the school room in Dist. No. 1, has been newly papered and painted by Mr. Lewis R. Manchester, both of which adds much to the pleasantness of the schoolroom.

The Summer term of the public schools will commence on the first day of May.

Methodist Conference Assignments.

The New England Southern Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church closed its annual sessions at Plymouth, Mass., Monday evening, and the assignments for the ensuing year of pastors well-known to Newport and vicinity included the following:

In the Providence District, Rev. G. W. Hunt will remain at the South street church, Brockton; Rev. J. A. L. Rich at Central Falls; Rev. J. F. Cooper at Broadway church and Rev. G. A. Cederberg at Swedish church, Providence; Rev. E. F. Jones, Warren; Rev. John Oldham, First church, Woonsocket; and Rev. J. D. Blakeslee, principal of East Greenwich Academy. Norwich District, Rev. W. I. Ward goes to Niantic; Rev. J. Hollingshead, Pascoag; Rev. E. W. Goodier, Portland, and Rev. O. W. Scott, Willimantic. New Bedford District, Rev. C. H. Ewer, North Dighton, and Rev. B. F. Simon, Fourth street church, New Bedford.

No change is made at either of the Newport churches, Rev. E. C. Hass remaining at the First, Rev. H. B. Cady at the Thames street and Rev. Henry Olsen at the Swedish. Rev. W. H. Allen will have charge of the Middletown church, Rev. G. H. Butler, of the Portsmouth, and Rev. W. E. Kugler, of the Little Compton.

We hear that Col. Dalton E. Young, late Democratic candidate for lieutenant governor, is booked for the Newport postoffice upon the retirement of the present incumbent.

For Sale.

A Good Second Hand Heavy Express Wagon, by.

J. B. BACHELLER,

P. Box 116. Commercial Wharf.

HORGAN BUILDING.

Beadleston & Worez Fine Lager, per case, 2 doz.	$1.00
" " Tiger Brand Beer, 1 doz.	.90
" " Imperial Beer, 1 doz.	1.25
" " Porter (equal to imported), 1 doz.	1.25
California Brandy (superior article), per case,	6.00
" " " " per bottle,	.75
" Wines, Port and Sherry, per gallon,	1.00
" Claret, per gallon,	.75
Mount Vernon Whiskey (this is celebrated, age 8 years) per gal,	5.00
Old Stone Mill Whiskey (high grade), per gal,	3.00
Old Comfort Whiskey (a fair article), per gal.,	2.00
Rums and Gins (good brands), per gal.,	1.75
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This property represents an actual cash outlay of over $1,000,000. The men who are backing this enterprise are all New England men of large experience and ample means.

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6-22

GETTING SOMETHING TO DO

A Few Practical Hints for Those Who Are Hunting for Work.

There is hardly a large establishment of any kind, whether it be a newspaper office, a manufactory or a trade establishment, that has not applications constantly from young men who want something to do. It is often painful to see the hopeless look upon the applicants' faces as they turn away disappointed, and the scene becomes the more painful when it is reflected that many of them doubtless have capacity for remunerative work, and would faithfully attend to it if they had the chance.

The truth is that the world is slow to take any man entirely on trust. The greatest singers, the greatest painters, the greatest writers have had to convince the world that it had need of them before it was willing to give them a subsistence. So true is this that it might almost be laid down as an axiom of success that it is only to be won by a hard struggle. It takes the attrition of poverty to bring out what is brightest in a man. It may be a hardship, but it seems to be a law of the social economy, and being a law it must have justice and compensation in it somewhere.

The question of "getting a position" resolves itself into two grand essentials—first, proficiency of some sort, which stands for dollars and cents in the world's market place, and, next, tact to demonstrate this proficiency in a way to attract the world's attention.

It is a mistake to depend on "influence" to get work in a legitimate calling; influence belongs more properly to the domain of politics. As a rule, too, it is a mistake to ask or to expect employment on the ground of charity—not that charity and business are incompatible, but that each should stand on its own bottom. The best recommendation is a sample of your work; that, with a frank address and neatness of appearance—for "the apparel oft proclaims the man"—may often prove the "open sesame" to success.

While it is good to have a due appreciation of one's abilities, it is not good to be too exacting as to the field for their display. The distance between the foot of a ladder and the top is but a short span to him who has within himself the power of rising.

The writer heard of a young man who, being in needy circumstances, went bravely to work at the first thing at hand—trench digging for a contractor. That was his first opportunity. One day his employer—not a well educated man—needed some one to keep a time roll of the men. The young man volunteered. The contractor took a fancy to him, found him increasingly useful, and the young man is now well up the ladder.

It is another requisite of the successful worker that he shall be in love with his work. If he is a mechanic, he will take pride in his tools; if he is a bookkeeper, he will plume himself on the neatness of his pen and on the neatness and forwardness of his accounts. Julian Hawthorne counts among the pleasures of authorship the satisfaction got from good writing materials. As the late Colonel Forney once said to a youthful member of the staff, "A man must work con amore to have his work worth anything."

A young lady who wished a place as typewriter got it in a common sense way. She wrote out a half dozen "replies," so to speak, brief, businesslike and respectful, setting forth her experience, qualifications and ideas as to pay, putting her figures rather above the market rate. Next morning there were four advertisements for typewriters. She promptly mailed her four replies directly at the main postoffice, inclosing a two cent stamp in each. One of the four shots brought down her bird. That evening her position came to her by mail.

It is not true that the world is a better market for muscles than for brains. The difficulty is that brain matter, whatever its native brightness, is practically worthless without training and experience. For one play produced by a manager a thousand are rejected. The accepted one may be inferior in many respects to many a rejected one, may have less talent in it, but it is from a trained head and it suits the manager's want, and that is enough. It is so with story writing—with headwork of every kind. Suitability is the quality that gives it pecuniary value.

Men and women who, with certain brilliant qualities, fail to realize this truth often fancy that the conditions of success are hard and limited. Yet theatrical managers, magazine publishers and many others are subject to the very same law themselves. They in turn are employees of the public. They must suit it, or it will turn elsewhere for what it wants.

Finally, it is not necessary that a want should be proclaimed in order to exist. Sometimes it may be anticipated. Sometimes it may even be created. Whoever can create a want for his wares or his work is on the way to masterful success. —Philadelphia Ledger.

Why He Paid Him Attention.

"I was coming west over the Wabash the other day and had for fellow passengers a Missouri stock raiser, his wife and a Boston exquisite deeply enamored of his own shape," said O. N. Hapgood at the Lindell. "The Missourian was a big, hearty fellow, with a four days' growth of beard and the tan of forty summers on his face, but his wife was young and very pretty. The Boston irresistible took a seat facing her, and strove in various way to attract her attention. The husband caught on to his capers, and bought a copy of an illustrated humorous paper, which he handed him. This amused him for a time, but he soon resumed his occupation of staring at the lady. Then the husband sent him the morning paper. He read the baseball news through, readjusted his cravat and resumed his old tactics.

"The Missourian then invited him into the smoker to enjoy a Key West with him. As they puffed the fragrant weeds the exquisite's curiosity cropped out. He was eager to know if he had mashed the entire family. 'I say,' he began, 'I mawn't see why you show me so much attention, dontcherknow. You must like me pretty well for a new acquaintance.' 'Like you!' blurted the Missourian. 'You blankety blanked tallow faced dude! I find it cheaper to buy baseball literature and cigars to amuse you than to unscrew your neck for gawping at my wife."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

MODERN MILLING.

Separating Different Grades of Flour Lies the Secret of the Industry.

Hardly any manufacture of a generation ago was so simple as flour milling. The miller dropped his wheat into a hopper; millstones beneath swiftly ground it into a product from which, there and then, flour was separated by bolting cloth. Fragments of wheat that had been only partly ground, and so could not pass through the meshes of the cloth, were passed between the millstones a second time. The meal obtained by this latter operation was again sifted, yielding a flour which varied a good deal in quality. Sometimes it was fair in grade, but usually it carried so much bran as to be quite dark in color, and the bread baked from it was darker still.

Contrasted with this simple, direct way of making flour is the elaborate roller process, first brought to the point of practical success in Hungary. Imported thence it was developed and improved by American ingenuity in the great mills of Minnesota, and from that state has spread to every other in the Union. Simplicity is so important a feature in machinery that, had the old time mill been as economical as it was simple, its quick and ready methods would never have been discarded.

The fault in these methods was that, considering the real complexity of the work to be done, they were too simple. Millstones, especially when they ran, as they usually did, very close together, wasted some of the wheat's best elements, and left sticking to the bran no small percentage of good flour.

What a miller's task is becomes plain when we closely examine a grain of wheat. The first thing to meet the eye is its branny envelope. At one end of this is a little bunch of delicate hair or fuzz; at the other appears an embryo or germ—for the grain, it must be remembered, is a seed. Next is to be noticed the deep crease which runs along the length of the grain. This is very tightly and snugly folded together. In getting at the flour within the grain the miller has to remove hair, bran and germ, and most thoroughly unfold the crease. This last part of his work was the most troublesome of all until rollers took the place of millstones. They open out the grain's crease so completely that the separation of the flour is an easy matter, even when spring wheat, with its hard, brittle covering, furnishes the grist. While mills of the Hungarian type employ a series of rollers to reduce the wheat, their efficiency and economy are equally due to their separating machinery. This machinery takes the different products successively let fall by the rollers and assorts them with nicety.

If flour from an old fashioned mill, such as still may be found lingering in a frontier settlement, be scrutinized carefully, it will be found to consist of flours of more than one kind. These flours, if freed from the admixture of bran and other impurities, and divided into fair, good and best, would be much enhanced in value. To effect this separation would be impossible, and yet modern milling accomplishes what is practically the same task. This it does by indirect attack. Instead of attempting to separate and purify flours in their ground and mixed state it separates and purifies each distinct product of wheat before flour is made at all. When wheat is granulated step by step it can be easily rid of its impurities and divided kind from kind as it cannot at a later stage, when as flour it rises before the breath like so much dust. Both groups of inventions—rollers for reduction and purifiers and separators for treating wheat as reduced—owe their development to the study bestowed upon what not very long ago millers were wont to regard as a mere byproduct.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

A Bee Six Feet from "Tip to Tip."

Wouldn't you like to see a honey bee as large or larger than the average man? There is just such a creature in the specimen room of the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia. It is the largest insect of its class ever seen in this or any other country. Its wings are as broad as those of an eagle and its honey-bag of twenty pounds capacity. Its legs are also large and well formed, reminding one of the crooked supporters of a piano stool of ye olden times. The proboscis, which is attached to a head the bigness of a candy bucket, is over a foot in length and as big around as a broom handle. I know that you are wondering where he ever found clover-heads large enough to work on, and who provided a half a million of similar sized specimens with a hive in which to store their tons of honey, but there is no use exciting your curiosity further—he never gathered honey; never "improved each shining hour;" in fact, he never had hours to improve!

He is made of papier mache, and is so constructed that every part of his body can be disarticulated for study. This, the giant of the honey bees, was the work of an ingenious French artificer, who spends his time making gigantic worms, grasts, bees, flies, etc., for the benefit of students who are studying entomology, "wormology" and kindred sciences.—St. Louis Republic.

Some Striking Facial Similarities.

Professor Galton, illustrating the strong likeness which often exists between members of the same family, reports the following facts:

"One boy sometimes spoke to himself in a looking glass, thinking that he was talking to his brother. A little girl whose mother and aunt were twins often called her aunt 'mother' and her mother 'auntie,' so much alike were those ladies."

"On one occasion when I returned from foreign service," says a British officer, "my father turned to me and said, 'I thought you were in London,' thinking I was my brother; yet he had not seen me for nearly four years."—London Tit-Bits.

More Than One Kind.

An Englishman at the Hotel Athenæum asked a bell boy to bring him some good gum. A stick of the boy's favorite article was procured, the boy assuring our English friend that it was unsurpassed. To the bell boy's astonishment, the purchaser began to rub a piece of manuscript with the gum. After a few seconds of vain rubbing he asked how we use gum in America. It took some time to convince him that in America an eraser is not "a gum."—Chautauqua Herald.

SEWAGE OF LONDON.

IT IS TAKEN OUT TO SEA AND SCATTERED OVER THE WAVES.

Results of a Modern System of Disposing of the Great City's Sewage—The Method of Separating the Sludge from the Effluent—Clean Ships.

"Oh, how unpleasant! The idea of going to sea with sludge!" On the contrary, you know nothing of it. The deck of the sludge ship is broad and clean; the deck house or "saloon" small but comfortable; on the bridge a fresh breeze is blowing; the sunlight sparkles brightly on the ruffled surface of the river, and you scarce can realize that this fine steamer is carrying a thousand tons of London sludge out to sea. Yet such is the fact. The idea that the "mud barges" of the county council, which take out the precipitated portion of London sewage to the Barrow deep, are simply dirty dredges is quite a mistake. They are powerful twin screw steamships, worked by two sets of triple expansion engines, and fitted with three large tanks, kept covered, and absolutely free from nuisance to anybody, even to the seamen on board. They can make two trips out to sea in every twenty-five hours, steaming about ten knots, and, as a matter of fact, they thus dispose of 41,000 tons of sludge in a week.

The sludge is precipitated by treating the sewage with lime and sulphate of iron. First, six huge cages catch debris, such as sticks and dead rats and cats, etc., in the great rushing sewers which drain London. This rubbish is burned in destructors at the rate of something like a hundred tons a week; then the black river of sewage is stirred in tanks with lime—or, more correctly, lime water—in the proportion of about 3¾ grains to the gallon. The effect of the lime is to precipitate matter in suspension and solution and also to deodorize. You may take a smelling bottle with you if you like, but with plenty of lime about you will hardly need it. But walking on along the top of the twenty-seven feet wide sewer, which is probably to become a beautiful boulevard for Barking, one comes to the sulphate of iron "shop," where 250 tons at a time are received, and where, after being dissolved in the proper porportion as directed by the chemist in charge, it, too, finds its way to the swift river of sewage.

But then comes a pause in the river's mad career. It is admitted through the Penstock chamber—that is, a building with a number of iron gates—to a set of covered precipitating channels, where it can leisurely meditate after its wild rushings from London. Here in its quiet bed the lime and iron, in casting down the solid portions, can take full effect, and the clear portion of the liquid at the top—now called the effluent—is let off over the head of a wall at the end of the chamber to a channel at the other side; whence, gathering speed again, it rushes to a reservoir, from which at ebb tide it joins the Thames. The sludge passes through pipes from the bottoms of the precipitating chambers to another reservoir, whence it is pumped to the tanks in the sludge ships and conveyed to sea.

The effect on the river is most satisfactory. On the testimony of the harbor master it is cleaner now than it has been for some years, while Mr. Thudichum, the chemist at the Barking "outfall" works, joyfully maintains it has 50 per cent. of oxygen, which it has not rejoiced in for some summers past. But the clean foreshore and the scent of seaweed at Barking, and the much purer looking water in the Thames itself, are proofs to the uninitiated of the success of the "new" system.

That system is only now getting into full working order. The county council have added two more ships to the fleet, making now five in all; and they are conveying some 40,000 tons of sludge out to sea every week. Four ships are constantly at work day and night, and one takes its turn of a rest week for painting, repairs, etc., and affording a lighter time for the men. These are sailors, and sleep on board, regular watches being kept, except one twenty-four hours in every seven days, when they are allowed off duty.

The discharging ground of the steamers is the Barrow deep, some miles beyond the Nore light. The deep is an unused channel, the north bound vessels taking a course considerably to the left and southward ships far to the right. The channel has been buoyed by the council, and no captain may commence discharging until he has passed the North Knot buoy. The discharge is quickly effected by opening valves in the vessel's bottom; the principle being much the same as that used on the self emptying lifeboat—which, indeed, is but an adaptation of the law that water finds its own level, the bottom of the tanks being built on a level with the sea. The valves are easily opened from the deck, and so quick is their action that the whole thousand tons can be discharged in seven minutes. Generally the time occupied, however, is longer, the vessel perhaps steaming ten miles while emptying her strange cargo. The white wake of the ship is discolored, gulls hover over it, and then among the tumbling waves and the fresh breezes the sludge is gone.

The mind can hardly grasp the fact that a hundred million gallons of sewage pour down the huge drain to Barking every twenty-four hours. But if we think for a moment that this immense mass of sludge would, but for the ships, have been discharged into the Thames between Gravesend and London bridge, and be washing backward and forward with the tides, and that this would be always going on month after month, we may begin to have some conception of the benefit gained.—St. James Gazette.

Misnamed.

"Why do we say 'mother earth?'"

"I don't know. It certainly is not correct. Everybody knows that the earth is a spinster."—Harper's Bazar.

Formerly the greater part of Irish butter was packed into firkins, but the farmers are now turning their attention to making butter suitable for preserving in tins.

The world is a comedy to those that think, a tragedy to those that feel.—Horace Walpole.

INTERPRETATION.

All that the summer has said to me—
In the song of the rose when her leaves unfold,
In the breath of the lily with heart of gold
In the croon of the birds in the linden tree—
All that the summer has sung and said
Since the violet died on the breast of May;
And the rose in the lap of June waxed red
I cannot sing or say.

There's a sound in the grass that grows under my feet,
There's a tremor of music in moss and fern,
And the myriad tongues of the forest burn
With a rapturous symphony, passing sweet;
It sings in the heart and it sighs in the breast,
It throbs in thy thought like an ancient rune—
But it dies on the lips in a lost refrain
Ere the voice can find the tune.

It cannot be said and it cannot be sung,
Yet it swells like a tide in the heart of love,
Though soft as the croon of the brooding dove—
The speech of the universal tongue.
It cannot be sung and it cannot be said—
But life may be lived with so fine a grace
That the music of life is interpreted
In the lines of a wrinkled face.
—Ida W. Benham in New York Independent.

Free Lecture on Art.

They were evidently a rustic couple on a honeymoon visit to the metropolis as they stood in the shade of a tree in city hall park.

Laying down his valise and consulting a book of photographic views, he said: "This here's the city hall, Clara, and this splendid building opposite is the general postoffice. Gosh! but their old city hall looks kinder mean beside that grand pile of granite. That's what I call fine and imposing."

"Excuse me, young man," said a ruddy faced, white whiskered gentleman who stood beside them fanning himself with his straw hat, "you mistake size for beauty. The city hall is an almost perfect sample of its type of architecture, while the postoffice is a composite monstrosity, and not the only one in the neighborhood. Why, sir, look merely at those warty pillars that run all the way round from the sidewalk to the first story—they alone would spoil any building. They remind me of one of those clipped dogs with tufts sticking out here and there on legs and tail. Pshaw! You haven't a barn at home that isn't prettier."

Then the old gentleman put on his hat, hoisted a sun umbrella and stalked off, while the young man and woman from the country gazed after him and drew long breaths.—New York Herald.

Dancing Party in the Surf.

Old Orchard has witnessed the introduction of many a novelty in surf bathing, but the very latest thing was sprung on the unsuspecting public Thursday by a party of the Imperial's guests. About fifty ladies and gentlemen from that hotel, among them several theatrical people, marched down to the beach about 11 o'clock and proceeded to the Mammoth bathing house, where they arrayed themselves in surf dipping attire. Then they went out into shoal water, formed sets for a round dance and went through all the changes of a quadrille.

Next a waltz was introduced, and later a galop and a schottische, all taking part and going through the evolutions just as if they were in a ballroom. The sport was kept up in the water and on the smooth beach for half an hour, during which time a large number of spectators were gathered on shore to watch maneuvers.—Boston Herald.

Changed His Boarding Place.

"I've given my landlady warning that I'm going to move," remarked Snaggs to his friend Boggs.

"For what reason?" inquired Boggs.

"Oh, I'm tired of hearing of other people's troubles. I'm going to find a place where they don't have any trouble."

"When you get there communicate with me if you can."

"Why, where do you expect that I'm going?"

"To heaven, I suppose. I never heard of any other place where they don't have any trouble."—Detroit Free Press.

Hood's Cures

It Has No Rivals

Makes Pure Blood—Gives Life to Numb Limbs, Cures Constipation.

A Popular Poetess Proves Its Merits

Mrs. Mary E. Toms
Niantic, Conn.

The following is from a lady very well known in Connecticut, being the author of a very handsome volume of poems entitled "Sacred Gems":

"I can truly say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is all that it has ever been recommended to be. It cannot be praised too highly. Having a very troublesome fibroid tumor, besides seven fatty tumors on my left arm, I find that for feeling of deadness in the limbs, constipation and poor circulation of the blood, Hood's Sarsaparilla has no rival. My blood was in very poor condition, it seemed to be watery, and when the skin was broken, only a very light red water or matter would ooze out. Since resorting to Hood's Sarsaparilla, I have good

Rich Red Blood

and do not bloat as I used to. Many good medicines are abused simply because they are not given a fair trial. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved its merit to me, as it will do all who take it fairly. I mean to make it my constant companion and earnestly recommend it to suffering humanity." MARY E. TOMS, Box 194, Niantic, Conn. Be sure to get Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25c.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria has well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City. Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., "The Winthrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

The Bartlett and the Seckel Pear.

It is remarkable that, although new fruits come to the front every year, there is not a pear yet that has been able to take the place of the Bartlett or the Seckel. The Bartlett is a European sort, originating in England and named there William's Bon Cretien. It was introduced into this country, and its name getting lost, it was named Bartlett, after the man in whose garden it was when its excellent qualities were discovered. The Seckel is a native, a chance seedling, found growing near the Schuykill river, Philadelphia, and the original tree still stands and bears fruit. The Bartlett is in season all throughout September, the Seckel from the close of September and through October. These two kinds are no exception to the rule that the quality of all pears increases in value as the trees get older. The fruit from a full-grown Seckel pear tree, for instance, is far superior to that from a tree fruiting for the first time.—[Practical Farmer.

The steam horse power in use in the United States in 1888 was 14,400,000, or about 24 horse power for each 100 inhabitants. The total in Great Britain in the same year was 8,2000,000.

You and Your Children

It is a wonderful remedy, which is alike beneficial to you and your children. Such is *Scott's Emulsion* of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. It checks wasting in the children and produces sound, healthy flesh. It keeps them from taking cold and it will do the same for you

Scott's Emulsion cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Scrofula and all Anæmic and Wasting Diseases. Prevents wasting in children. Almost as palatable as milk. Get only the genuine. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

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1-7

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THE WICKFORD ROUTE.

Between Newport, Boston, Providence and New York.

FEBRUARY 27, 1893.

Leave Newport for New York 10:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:20, *6:00 P. M. For Providence 10:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:20, 6:00 P. M. For Boston 10:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:20, 6:00 P. M.

Returning, leave New York, 11?.00 night, 5:01, 10.00 A. M., 1:00 P. M.

Leave Boston 10:00 A. M., 1:00, 3:00 P. M. Leave Providence 6:40, 11.10 A. M., 2:15, 5:00 P. M.

*Via Providence.
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J. B. GARDINER, Supt., Providence.
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Beginning Wednesday, March 1, 1893,

STEAMER CONANICUT

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 10.45 A. M., 1.30, 3.30, 5.00 P. M. Sundays at 9.45 A. M., 4.00 P. M.

Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.30, A. M., 12 M., 2.45, 4.15, 6.00* P. M. Sundays, 10.15 A. M., 4.30 P. M.

*Or on arrival of Providence boat.

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The two longest, finest and fastest vessels afloat.

Steerage, $20. Second cabin, $40 and $45. Saloon, $50 and upward.

Proposed Sailings from New York:

Teutonic	Aug. 26, 11 a. m
Britannic	Sept. 2, a. m
Majestic	Sept. 9, 9:30 a. m
Germanic	Sept. 16, 3:30 p. m
Teutonic	Sept. 23, 9:30 a. m
Britannic	Sept. 30, 3:30 p. m
Majestic	Oct. 7, 8:30 a. m

For further information apply to

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NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD RAILROAD COMPANY Lessee.

Old Colony. Railroad.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

ON and after Monday, April 17, 1893, trains will leave Newport, for Boston, week days, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., a12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Return 5.15, 8.30, a9.30, 11.40 A. M., 3.40, 4.35, a5.10, b6 P. M. Middletown, c7.20, c10.15 A. M., c2.55 P. M. Portsmouth Grove, 7.20, c10 15, A. M., c2.55 P. M. Portsmouth, 7.20, c10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Bristol Ferry, 7.20, 10.15 A.M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Tiverton, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Fall River, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Taunton, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Middleboro, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Cape Cod, 7.45 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Plymouth, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55 P. M. New Bedford, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Fitchburg, and stations on Northern Division, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Lowell, 7.45 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 10.15 A. M. Nantucket, 10.15 A. M. Providence, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Return 7.45, 9.55 A. M., 12.40, 1.30, d6.35 P. M.

SUNDAYS, for Boston, 8 00 P. M. Return 6.50 A. M., b7 P. M. For Tiverton, Fall River, North Easton, Bristol Ferry, Taunton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree, Braintree, Quincy and New Bedford, 6.00 P. M.

aPark Square Station.
bPark Square Station, boat from Fall River.
cWill stop to leave passengers or when flagged.
dBoat from Fall River.

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R. G. ALLEN, Sup't, Boston.
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Business Transfer.

The undersigned having leased his coal and wood wharf, with office at 123 Thames street, to

Abram Almy,

takes this occasion to thank his patrons, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of their patronage for his successor.

WM. J. SWINBURNE.

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Newport, Feb. 11, 1893. 2-18-1y

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Dr. Parker's works are the best on the subjects treated ever published, and have an enormous sale throughout this country and Europe. Read them and learn to be Strong, Vigorous and Manly. HEAL THYSELF.—Medical Review.

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2-11

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MERCHANTS' BANK.

THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES heretofore represented in Newport by Mr. John T Langley, deceased, having been transferred to me, policies and renewals in the same will be written at this office, where transfers and endorsements can be made:—

Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn.
Queen Ins. Co. of London.
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester.
Scottish Union & National of Edinburgh and London.
Northern Assurance Co., of London.

The above companies in addition to those already represented by me, enable me to write for any amount desired, at the lowest rates, and the high standing and character of the companies offer the strongest indemnity against fire.

Niagara Ins. Co. of N. Y.	$2,060,88
American Ins. Co. of Philadelphia	2,361,8
Fire Association of Philadelphia	4,355,896
Phenix Ins. Co. of Hartford	4,760,925
Imperial Ins. Co. of London	8,721,886
Guardian Ins. Co. of London	7,865,190
Providence Washington Ins. Co. of Providence	966,496
British American Ins. Co. of Toronto	861,481
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn	5,863,177
Queen Ins. Co. of London	7,576,601
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester	6,486,781
Scottish Union & Nat'l Ins. Co of Edinburgh	5,333,554
Northern Assurance Co. of London	6,382,879
Phenix Assurance Co. of London	7,887,176

A. S. SHERMAN, Office Merchants' Bank.

7-2

For your insurance on building, stock in trade or other property, call on

HENRY BULL, Jr.,

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Who represent the best English and American Companies. Then if your property is damaged by

Fire or Lightning,

Or your plate glass broken, your losses will be promptly met and settled. In all losses which have occurred at this agency, have always given satisfactory and

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182 THAMES St.

The Death Valley.

The most fatally famous part of the Great American desert is Death Valley, in California. There is on all the globe no other spot more forbidding, more desolate, more deadly. It is a concentration of the horrors of that whole hideous area; and it has a bitter history.

One of the most interesting and graphic stories I ever listened to was that related to me, several years ago, by one of the survivors of the famous Death Valley party of 1849—the Rev. J. W. Brier, an aged Methodist clergyman now living in California. A party of five hundred emigrants started on the last day of September, 1849, from the southern end of Utah, to cross the desert to the then new mines in California. There were one hundred and five canvas-topped wagons, drawn by sturdy oxen, beside which trudged the shaggy men, rifle in hand, while under the canvas awning rode the women and children. In a short time there was division of opinion as to the proper route across that pathless waste in front; and next day five wagons and their people went east to reach Santa Fe, (whence there were dim Mexican trails to Los Angeles,) and the rest plunged boldly into the desert. The party which went by way of Santa Fe reached California in December, after vast sufferings. The larger company traveled in comfort for a few days, until they reached about where Pioche now is. Then they entered the Land of Thirst; and for more than three months wandered lost in that realm of horror. It was almost impossible to get wagons through a country furrowed with canons; so they soon abandoned their vehicles, packing what they could upon the backs of the oxen. They struggled on to glittering lakes only to find them deadly poison, or but a mirage on barren sands. Now and then a wee spring in the mountains gave them new life. One by one the oxen dropped, day by day the scanty flour ran lower. Nine young men who separated from the rest, being stalwart and unencumbered with families, reached Death Valley ahead of the others, and were lost. Their bones were found many years later by Governor Blaisdell and his surveyors, who gave Death Valley its name.

The valley lies in Inyo County, and is about one hundred and fifty miles long. In width it tapers from three miles at its southern end to thirty at its northern. It is over two hundred feet below the level of the sea. The main party crossed it at about the middle, where it is but a few miles wide, but suffered frightfully there. Day by day one of their number sank upon the burning sands never to rise. The survivors were too weak to help the fallen.

The strongest of the whole party was nervous little Mrs. Brier, who had come to Colorado an invalid, and who shared with her boys of four, seven, and nine years of age, that indescribable tramp of nine hundred miles. For the last three weeks she had to lift her athletic husband from the ground every morning, and steady him a few moments before he could stand. She gave help to wasted giants, any one of whom, a few months before, could have lifted her with one hand.

At last the few survivors crossed the range which shuts off that most dreadful of deserts from the garden of the world, and were tenderly nursed to health at the hacienda, or ranch house of a courtly Spaniard. Mr. Brier had lost one hundred pounds in weight, and the others were thin in proportion. When I saw him last he was a hale old man of seventy-five, cheerful and active but with strange furrows in his face to tell of those bygone sufferings. His heroic little wife was still living, and the boys, who had had such a bitter experience as perhaps no other boys ever survived, are now stalwart men.—St. Nicholas.

Patents and What They Protect.

A business man in this city who is up to his ears in the work necessary to gather capital to float an enterprise, and at the same time to keep information of the nature of it away from busy rivals, found time last week to say: "Did you ever think that a patent does not patent in this country? Well, it's a fact. All that the patent office does is to give you a paper with some writing on it, but if another man steals your idea and goes to manufacturing your invention the patent office will not lift a finger to protect you or to stand by its own decision. The fact that you've got a patent is a point in your favor, but you've got to hire lawyers and fight the theif in the courts, and if he can stand it to hire lawyers longer than you can that settles you, and you might as well make him a present of your invention. There are lots of men in the country who are getting rich on the discoveries of other people. All they had to do was to take 'em and fight the the real discoverers into poverty. The patent office, to be respected and to be of any use, ought to have the power to cause the stealer of a patent to be sent to prison."—N. Y. Sun.

Why Women's Wages are Low.

In pursuit of a livelihood, the hope or ultimate intention to marry is a drawback to woman's success. She enters any vocation half-heartedly, not as a life career, but as a temporary stopgap. Abandoning her trade for marriage, years afterward, perhaps, she returns to it an invalid and with dependents, her hand robbed of its cunning, and she must take her place at the bottom of the ladder. Economically, indeed, she is yet an industrial makeshift, rarely displacing man except at half his pay. Again, being unorganized, women cannot fight. Such trades unions as dare form are, for want of leadership, scotched by hard-hitting manufacturers at one blow, few associations surviving one formal complaint or strike. Shoe and tobacco unions have obtained substantial in shortening hours and raising pay. Some localities and industries need no unions; but trade-workers co-operating for defence here as in England, might achieve enormous benefits for female wage earners.—[Miss Clare de Graffenried in Forum.

Inconveniences of Growing Old.

I am sure I do not know why it is. I am not more ill looking than many a married woman whom one sees playing a conspicuous part in society, and I am a very harmless, unaggressive sort of person that would not hurt a mouse, much less a man, yet every spavined old stager of my acquaintance will shy at the sight of me as if I had nothing in the world to do but run down defenseless old roadsters for the matrimonial sweepstakes. It is really melancholly to see how suddenly the manners of my old friends change toward me if they happen to be left widowers. There is old Dr. Witherspoon, for example, who used to make tedious little jokes before Mrs. W. died about taking me for his second wife, and now he shuns me as if I were pay day. Even old Mr. Rail, the redheaded lawyer, whom I refused twenty years ago, and whom my poor friend, Clara H., married only as a last resort to keep from going out as governess, is so fully persuaded of my desire to reconsider that he flies at the sight of me as if struck by a cyclone.

LIFE IS VERY CHEAP.

OCCUPATIONS THAT SHORTEN THE LIVES OF TOILERS.

Dangers to Which Painters and Potters Are Exposed—Lead Has Slain Its Thousands and Mercury Its Hundreds—Effect of Too Much Silver on a Man.

My lady delicately tracing embroidery upon fine linen knows nothing and cares less about the men who fashioned the needle she holds in her tapering fingers. But those men shortened their lives in the making of it. Perhaps by the infinitesimal fraction of a second for that particular needle, but when they ground it and polished it they inhaled into their lungs the invisible particles of steel that flew from the whirring stone. Consumption is a very common disease among needle makers.

Human life is the cheapest thing on earth. "How many lives will it cost?" is a question that never enters into the calculation of architect, bridge builder, manufacturer—of any one who supplies the necessities of the world, forwards its progress or adds to its comforts. Human life is the one raw material of which the crop never fails, in producing which there are no strikes. And while there are a vast number of trades and manufactures in their very nature dangerous to life, you cannot induce the men who work at them to take up other occupations. Not even the offer of higher wages will tempt them, which goes to show that a man has as little regard for his own life as any one else has for it.

No need to mold lead into bullets to make it deadly. Workers of lead, house painters, artists, gilders, calico printers, typefounders and typesetters, shot founders, potters and braziers will tell you that. So will the workmen who handle vulcanized rubber, those who wrap goods in tinfoil, even the fishmongers who handle lead counters covered with brine. Lead poisoning, next to alcoholic poisoning, is perhaps the commonest toxic condition. "Lead colic" is almost as provalent as that other colic that rouses the happy father and sets him to pacing the floor with his squalling son and heir.

When a man suffers with chronic lead poisoning his digestion is disturbed. He has no appetite, and his skin usually takes on a peculiar yellow hue. His gums show a characteristic blue line, which is sulphide of lead deposited there. He has pains in his joints and ofttimes paralysis. His paralysis usually affects the extensor muscles of the hands and fingers, and so produces what is popularly called "drop wrist." Once in a while lead poisoning affects the brain. A case is recorded where a painter suffering from it thought he saw "windbags blown up to look like men," and other apparitions which made remarks to him and caused him a great deal of anxiety. With all due deference to the medical faculty, it would seem doubtful whether talk about "wind bags blown up to look like men" should be taken as an evidence of insanity. There surely are such things in real life.

Workmen employed at extracting gold from its ores, those who silver mirrors, makers of barometers and thermometers have of course to live in an atmosphere more or less impregnated with mercury. So do those who etch, who color the finer sorts of wool and who take part in the manufacture of felt hats. In these latter occupations the mercury is in the form of its nitrate.' Mercury is the delight of every dentist whose heart is really in his work. Too much of it salivates a man and makes his teeth drop out, so that a mirror silverer is extremely apt to go mumbling, toothless, through life like a "lean and slippered pantaloon."

Photographers, makers of hair dyes and of marking ink handle a great deal of silver. That lot might seem to be very enviable, but in those cases the silver is the nitrate or one of its various other compounds. It is extremely liable to change the color of the man who handles it, particularly that much of him as is exposed to the light. First his nails and fingers, then his hands and face turn from white to grayish blue and then to black.

Copper is another metal that is mighty dangerous to handle habitually. It breaks down the health of those who work in it. Copper enters into the composition of any number of alloys, into the common bronzing processes, into the lilac and purple fibers of the pyrotechnist and into many pigments. A green line appears on the gums of the unfortunate poisoned by copper. So that if one has a desire to ornament his gums he has at least the choice of his colors—blue with lead, green with copper. Antimony is another health destroyer, at least so far as men are concerned. "Kermes mineral" contains antimonious acid. It is used in vulcanizing rubber. Typefounders are also exposed to the deleterious effects of antimony.

But however unhealthfully antimony acts on men there has long prevailed an idea, the truth of which is doubtful, that antimony given to animals improves their condition. Says an old author: "A horse that is lean and scrubby, and not to be fatted by any means, will become fat on taking a dose of antimony for two months together. A boar fed for bacon, and having an ounce of antimony given him every morning, will become fat a fortnight sooner than others put into the sty at the same time and fed in the same manner, but without the antimony."

It is an undoubted fact that in Brunswick the breeders of fat geese add a small quantity of antimony to the geese's food as a traditional custom.—New York World.

He Died Happy.

There is a characteristic story told of a man who lay dying. Suddenly he sprang out of bed, and seizing a tidy jerked it off the chair, threw it on the floor and stamped on it. Then falling back on the bed with a peaceful smile he gave up the ghost.—New York Sun.

Didn't Like the Shop.

Akenside's father was a butcher, but the poet himself in boyhood could rarely be persuaded to enter the slaughter house. During his whole life he was lame from a wound in the foot occasioned in boyhood by the fall of a cleaver.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The American Soldier.

To know the American soldier well you must toil with him over the desert trail when the sun beats hotly down on the dry and verdureless earth, and the dust rises in white clouds that hide the column from view, and fills the eyes, the mustache, the ears, the mouth, with profanity and vexation. Here is where his songs and jokes proclaim the stuff that he is made of. Then when you are sent out with him in the dead of winter over twenty inches of snow, your equipments and supplies on bobsleds, he it is that dismounts time and again without a murmur, pushing to help the mules up hill, and repacking the overturned sled a dozen times in a day; then after it all digging his hole in the snow, and putting up his tent at night, all the time joking with his "Bunkie," and ready as ever to steal a wisp of hay or a handful of oats for his shivering horse.

He it is that jumped into a boiling hot spring to save the life of the daughter of a private citizen—a deed for which the citizen, who was a rich man, proffered the astounding sum of five dollars, and the government the gold medal of honor; he that took a flat bottomed boat out in a heavy sea in New York harbor to rescue a drowning boy; that lost his life for his fidelity while attempting to swim an icy stream with dispatches; who single handed served a field gun through an action with a bullet in his leg, to hold a position; he that you believe incapable of anything but "bucking faro" and drinking strong liquors.—Harper's Weekly.

Roman Wealth.

When L. Calpurnius Piso was appointed governor of Macedonia for one year he drew for his outfit from the public treasury 18,000,000 sesterces or £150,000. He did not want the money for that purpose; everything required by a proconsul was supplied to him by the province. Piso simply took the money for himself, and lent it out in Rome at high interest. C. Verres was charged by Cicero with having robbed Sicily of £350,000 in three years, besides many valuable works of art. He practically admitted his guilt by retiring from Rome without attempting any defense. Cicero, when governor of the poor province of Cilicia, found himself the richer in one year by £20,000, and he was perhaps the only proconsul who ever handed over his surplus to the state.

There can be no doubt that Cicero and the younger Pliny received large sums from their clients while those clients were still living. Balbus is not likely to have secured the argument "Pro Balbo" for a mere trifle, and the gratitude of Sicily for the prosecution of Verres undoubtedly took a very substantial form. Apart from all such honoraria, it is recorded that both Cicero and the younger Pliny received legacies from clients to the amount of £170,000. Gibbon tells us on the authority of Olympiodorus that several of the richest senators had an income of £160,000 a year—without computing the stated provision of corn and wine.—National Review.

The Folly of Suicide.

The sin of suicide is not more evident than is its folly. In the vast majority of cases the ills which provoke this desperate act derive their force not from the actual misery they inflict, but from nervous apprehensiveness. They are the shadows of clouds which threaten, but may and often do pass away.

It was one of the cruel ironies of fate that the suicide of M. Prevost-Paradol, who had stultified his most brilliant writings by accepting a post—that of minister from France to Washington—under the Second Empire, took place just as the Liberal cause, with which his name had always been associated, was on the eve of triumph.

When Mary Wollstonecraft, deserted by her American lover, paced up and down Putney bridge saturating her garments with the rain so that they might not prevent her from sinking in the water her life seemed indescribably dreary—without a ray of hope. Yet this very hour of despair proved to be the turning point in her history, and from it dated the truest bliss she had ever known—a period of wedded happiness and joyous work. And so with "the marvelous boy, the sleepless soul that perished in his pride," Chatterton. He poisoned himself in his wretched garret at the very time when the feet of one who would have relieved his poverty were turned toward the street in which he died.—Boston Transcript.

Josephus speaks of a Jew who was 10 feet 2 inches in height. And Pliny tells of the Arabian giant Gabara, who was 9 feet 9 inches, "the tallest man in the days of Claudius."

Prior was the son of a cabinetmaker, and himself was fond of mechanical employments. He once said, "A good carpenter was spoiled when I turned my attention to poetry."

An Open Letter to Women.

Laurel Ave., San Francisco, May 18, 1892.

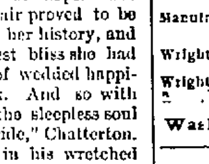
"Dear friend of women:

"When my baby was born, five years ago, I got up in six days. Far too soon. Result: falling of the womb. Ever since I've been miserable.

"I tried everything: doctors, medicines, apparatus; but grew worse.

"I could hardly stand; and walking without support was impossible.

"At last I saw an advertisement of *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound*, and decided to try it. The effect was astonishing. Since I took the first bottle my womb has not troubled me, and, thanks only to you, I am now well. Every suffering woman should know how reliable your compound is. It is a sure cure."—*Mrs. A. Detwiler.*



All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

Liver Pills, 25 cents.

NEWPORT ILLUMINATING CO.

INCANDESCENT LIGHTING in 16, 24, 32 and 50 Candle Power.

ARC LIGHTING.

STATION BY MOTORS of 1-8, 1-4, 1-2, 3-4, 1 1-2 up to 50 horse power for Elevators, Hoists, Saws, Planes, Drills, Organs, etc., everything requiring large or small power. Reliable and convenient.

WIRING.—Stores, offices and residences wired and furnished throughout with all apparatus necessary for electric lighting by our own staff at reasonable rates. We have just opened out in our show rooms a full line of new Electric and Combination Fixtures, Brackets, Shades, Portable Lamps for desks in polished brass, bronze and Im Matte Gold. Inspection invited.

NEWPORT ILLUMINATING CO., 449 TO 455 Thames St.

THE BOSTON HERALD—TUB

AN INCOME ASSURED!

PAYABLE IN GOLD SEMI-ANNUALLY.

Preferred Stock in Established Manufacturing Concerns, the Safest Investment on Record.

10 Per Cent. Dividend Guaranteed.

$100 draws an income of $10 per year.
$200 draws an income of $20 per year.
$500 draws an income of $50 per year.
$1000 draws an income of $100 per year.
$2000 draws an income of $200 per year.
$5000 draws an income of $500 per year.

And the beauty of it all is, it is so thoroughly safe an investment.

There is no speculation in buying a block of the preferred stock of the Koal-Spar Co.

The Company is legally organized by Clarence Hale, Esq., brother of U. S. Senator Hale, the prominent attorney of Portland, Maine.

The dividend of 10 per cent. is guaranteed, and being earned now, as the stock is preferred and has a prior claim on all the earnings of the Company.

The money received from selling this guaranteed 10 per cent. preferred stock is to be used to buy real estate, build factories thereon, and extend the business generally.

The dividend is payable semi-annually in gold, on the first day of July and January of each year.

The Company have issued a complete prospectus, explaining fully all questions which would naturally arise in the minds of investors.

You can have one by calling on or writing to The Koal-Spar Co., 51 & 53 Summer St., Continental National Bank Building, Boston, Mass.

Write to-day. This is a chance of a lifetime. 3-18-1f

Green Mountain Farm Butter,

J. & J. Darlington's Butter,

Pinnacle Farm Butter (of Walpole, N. H.,) to be had at the

SEASIDE MARKET,

292 THAMES, Near Post Office.

W. S. LAWTON, - - - Proprietor.

DO YOU WANT FENCE

of any kind this Spring? If so before buying examine the combined WIRE and PICKET FENCE made with CEDAR pickets, any height or strength required, adapted for all general uses, makes a chicken, hog, sheep or cattle fence without a rival. Cannot injure stock, and is a portable fence. Strong, durable, cheap. Send for new price list.

WOODWARD INTERPRISE MANF'G CO.,

Calender cor. Sabin street, Providence, R. I. 2-4-1f ROBERT WOODWARD. Treas.

Druggists.

JAMES T. WRIGHT, Ph. G.

REGISTERED PHARMACIST,

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

Manufacturer of Wright's Odontine, a Dentifrice of the highest merit.

Wright's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, Wright's Blackberry Cordial, Wright's Sarsaparilla, etc., Wright's Celebrated Cough Lozenges.

Washington Square, Newport, R. I.

Charles M. Cole,

PHARMACIST,

302 Thames St.,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF POST OFFICE,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

Cod Liver Oil, Pepsin and Quinine.

In Lung Affections resulting from La Grippe, this remedy is prescribed by the leading physicians of New York and this city.

Quinine and Iron Tonic Wine.

The tonic properties of Calisaya Bark and Iron are well known. They are in this, preparation combined in their most active form.

Quinine Chocolates

The numerous imitations of our Quinine Chocolates prove conclusively their merits. In chronic forms of malaria, characterized by headache, loss of appetite and general weakness their use is especially indicated.

Iodized Sarsaparilla.

With the change of season a blood purifier is in many cases a necessity. In such cases the use of Iodized Sarsaparilla will be found to produce the best results.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

237 THAMES ST.,

Miscellaneous.

Bhot Atcha Finish.

This is the finest polish in the market. It is easily used and gives universal satisfaction. It is the only polish to my knowledge suitable for both

PIANOS and FURNITURE.

Call for it at G. H. CARR'S, or JOHN YARS', 172 Thames St., Newport, R. I.

100 Acres, $3,000.

A SOUTHERN

Rhode Island Farm

of 100 acres.

Large, two-story house, arranged for two families if desired. Barn, wood-house, two cribs and other buildings, all in good condition, two miles to seashore; few minutes walk from churches, schools, post office, blacksmith, wagon shops and grist mill. Four miles from railroad station; macadamized roads in all directions.

UNOBSTRUCTED VIEWS,

ALL FOR $3,000.

DANIEL WATSON, Sole Agent. Offices: 236 Thames street, Newport, and Ferry wharf, Jamestown. 3-4

MICHAEL F. MURPHY,

CONTRACTOR

—AND—

BUILDER

OF MASON WORK,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Tilling, Draining and all kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to.

Orders left at

16 Callendar Avenue

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs and Injections. They cure in 48 hours the same diseases without any inconvenience. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MIDDLETOWN.

The Town Council held its first meeting for the present municipal year at the Town Hall on Monday. Messrs. A. Herbert Ward, Isaac A. Sherman, Lionel H. Peabody and Arthur L. Peckham, four of the elected members, were in attendance and were sworn by the Town Clerk.

The jury list received its annual revision and Edward J. Peckham and William J. Stewart were drawn Grand Jurors and William J. C. Chase Charles A. Peckham, David C. Smith and William S. Coggeshall were drawn Petit Jurors to serve at the May term of the Court of Common Pleas.

The limits and divisions of the several road districts were defined as of recent years, $200 apportioned to each for ordinary repairs and warrants directed to issue to the several surveyors with substantially the same instructions as last year.

Accounts aggregating $335.70 were presented, allowed and ordered paid from the town treasury.

Minor town offices were filled as follows:

Sealer of Weights and Measures—William F. Peckham.

Pound Keeper—Benjamin Caswell.

Weighers of Neat Cattle slaughter for sale—George E. Chase and Benjamin Howland.

Appraisers of Damages done by Dogs—Charles H. Ward, James M. Chase, and Abram A. Brown.

Inspector of Petroleum, etc—Benjamin W. H. Peckham.

Commissioner of Wrecks—William Smith.

Special Constables—James T. Barker, Alden P. Barker, Melville Bull, Richard H. Peckham, Elisha A. Peckham, Benjamin Caswell and Charles O. White.

Bird Constables—Alden P. Barker, Francis J. Coggeshall and Henry L. Peckham.

Tramp Constables—James T. Barker, John D. Blair, Elisha A. Peckham and Charles O. White.

Special Constable to enforce the Act for the Suppression of Intemperance—Elisha A. Peckham.

Truant Officer—William F. Peckham.

Health Officer—John Peckham.

Officers to take charge of Burial of Indigent but Honorably Discharged Soldiers and Sailors—Charles Peckham.

Fire Marshal—Elisha C. Peckham.

IN COURT OF PROBATE. Second and final account of Clinton G. Smith, Executor, with the estate of John G. Smith allowed and ordered recorded and likewise account with the estate of Benjamin Sweet, presented by the Executors of the will of Robert S. Chase, the former Administrator on the estate of said Benjamin.

The second account of Daniel Chase, Administrator with the will annexed on the estate of Joseph Freeborn was continued for further consideration, to the third Monday of May, and the first and final account of Lewis L. Simmons, Administrator on the estate of Thomas Brann was referred to the third Monday of May and notice ordered thereon.

An inventory of the personal effects of Thomas S. Barker was presented, allowed and passed for record.

The will of Irving M. Barker was proved and letters testamentary on his estate was granted to his widow, Elvira L. Barker, upon her giving bond to pay debts in the sum of $300, with Alden P. and Ashton C. Barker as sureties.

William Allan, Guardian of Philip Caswell, minor, submitted a bond in the sum of $150,000.00 with the American Surety Company of New York as Surety, which bond was accepted, the former bonds given by said Guardian cancelled and John R. Caswell and the other sureties thereon discharged.

Henry C. Sherman was approved as Guardian of the estate of Rowland S. Sherman and required to give bond in the sum of $3000.00 with Thomas W. Sherman James T. Barker as sureties. On this estate William H. Sherman, Edward N. Wyatt and H. Battie Congdon were appointed appraisers.

DEATH. Nancy Chase, widow of James Chase, died at her home on the West Main Road on Thursday morning aged 75 years. Deceased had been in poor health several years and, added to her other ailments, an attack of broncho pneumonia last week completed the work of bodily exhaustion. Mrs. Chase's husband died in May, 1875 and the survivor of her two sons in April, 1874, and for the last fortysix years, she has lived alone until recent illness required the attendance of a nurse. There was scarely another instance of a household made up of one individual in the entire town. This mode of quiet and secluded living apparently was peculiarly agreeable to deceased, who persisted in living there, even after advanced years and infirmities of mind and body rendered such a mode of existence highly imprudent. Mrs. Chase was a woman of quick discernment, unceasing activity and untiring industry, ready, efficient and particularly qualified for the sick room, the rural household and thework, which formerly more than now, fell to the farmer's life and home requirements. For many years she ministered among the sick and afflicted in her community, and the many kind offices thus performed for her neighbors especially commend her unobtrusive life and character, as deserving grateful remembrance and worthly of emulation.

LITTLE COMPTON.

At a meeting of the Court of Probate and Town Council a full board present. The business transactions were Account of Harriet M. Simmons, guardian of her three children, allowed and ordered recorded. Account of Abraham Manchester, administrator on the estate of Sarah T. Head, allowed and ordered recorded.

In the matter of Dower of Hannah Borden, notices approved, decreed that the Dower be assigned by notes and bonds; George H. Peckham, Daniel W. Wilbor and Philip W. Almy were appointed to set off the same. The following persons were drawn as jurors to the Supreme Court for the May term to be held at Newport: Grand, John B. Potter, Samuel B. Gray; Petit George H. Brown, Daniel W. Wilbour, William O. Snell, Albert J. Taylor. Bills allowed and orders for payment given as follows:

John F. Pierce, Surveyor, drawing gravel $10.00; Edward Carton, drawing gravel $900; John F. Pierce Surveyor $5.12; F. R. Brownell, clerk $10.00.

TIVERTON.

An interesting Sabbath School Concert was given by the scholars and choir connected with the Congregational Church Sunday evening. The programme was successfully carried out; several solos and duets being well rendered At its close the Rev. James C. Roberts made some appropriate remarks. The church was tastefully decorated for the occasion.

Mrs. Priscilla Wilcox is visiting her daughter and other relatives at Brockton.

Miss Arabella and Miss Maude Almy from New Bedford are spending their vacation at home.

Teamers Wanted.

A Few Extra Teamers Wanted at

$2.00 a day.

None but competent drivers need apply at

PERRY • BROTHERS.

EVERYBODY

Seeks to secure the most value for money expended. Human nature is the same everywhere. In this connection we wish to say that the value offering by us in fine Ready-made CLOTHING, OVERCOATS and SUITS, can be relied upon as being the very best obtainable. Our superior lines of each will compare favorably with custom tailoring work, with this difference they are fully 40 per cent. lower in price, and decidedly better values than can be found elsewhere for the same money. As seeing is believing, call and judge for yourself.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

Leading Outfitters.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

H. J. BAKER & BROTHER,

Office 215 Pearl St., New York.

Manufacture under special formula,

Complete, Chemical Odorless Manures, for POTATOES, CORN, GRASS, CABBAGE, TURNIPS, etc.

They supersede the use of Stable Manure.

HIGH GRADE | FULL VALUE — "A.A" Ammoniated Superphosphate. — QUICK ACTING | BONE BASE

and other Brands of Accredited Worth and High Standing.

These manures are no experiment. Year after year of actual field use by prominent agriculturists of Rhode Island and Massachusetts, sustain our claims, as proven in our pocket memorandum and account book, mailed free. For sale by

3-11 HERMAN F. PECKHAM, Middletown and Newport.

AT

Geo. A. Weaver's

AGRICULTURAL EMPORIUM

WHAT IS GOING ON?

Oliver Plow Points No. 19 & 20

have been cut to 35c. each.

The Smoothing Harrow

for $1 less than ever before.

The Doe's Plow

for $3, $3.50 and $4.50. Just opened 20 sets of

Buggy, Coach, Team Harnesses,

The finest line in the city at prices to compete with any. Don't fail to examine them. 25 of the

Gurney Refrigerators

the only perfect one on the market. It has more space and saves 25 per cent. of your ice bill over any other. Buy some of those

Stack Rakes

early, while you can get them.

Weaver's Patent Rake Attachment

makes the Rake last twice as long as any other make. A new

Sulky Cultivator

that a boy can ride and do the work of a man. Four makes of the best

Lawn Mowers

in the market. Examine the prices. They are way down this year.

SEEDS SEEDS

Never has the demand been as large as this year for Field, Garden and Flower Seeds. No place in the State where you can get the assortment and prices that you can obtain from me.

A Special Offer for This Week.

To customers purchasing $5.00 worth of Flower Seeds in packets, I will give $1.00 worth extra. This will be an inducement for all to prove my claims of superior stock.

Tuberoses, Begonias,

at half-price to close them out.

Cannas, Calladiums, Gladiolas, Cinnamon Vines, Madeira, Tuberose, etc.

Cabbage, Cauliflower, Tomato Plants, Chives and Tarragon Roots.

SPECIAL OFFER for next week

ON

Fine Pansies

AT

Geo. A. Weaver's,

12-21-23 Broadway.

New Advertisements.

Newport Racing Association Limited.

RACES

—AT—

Aquidneck Park, ARBOR DAY

MAY 13, at 2 P. M.,

TROTTING RACE — Purse $100. Free for all trotters and pacers owned on the Island. Mile heats, 3 in 5 in harness.

BASE BALL — For a prize, value $25, between the Pacifics and a visiting nine. Game called at 2.31 sharp.

RUNNING RACE — Purse $50 Catch weights, ¼ mile heats, best 2 in 3.

TROTTING RACE FOR ROADSTERS — Purse $100 ($50, $30, $20) for all roadsters, trotters or pacers, of no previous record, owned on the Island. 5 mile dash to road wagon.

BICYCLE RACE — Cup, value $25 to first; Cup, value $10 to second. Open to all amateur residents of the Island. 5 mile dash.

CONDITIONS:

National Trotting Association Rules. Entrance 10 per cent. to all horse races; $1 to Bicycle race.

Entries close at noon, May 10th, to ROLAND KING, Sec., Newport, R. I.

Admission to all parts of the grounds 25 CENTS.

Busses will leave Washington Square from 1 to 1.30 P. M. 4-22-2w

Corporation Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 1163 of the Public Laws, of the pendency before the General Assembly of the State of Rhode Island, at its January session, A. D., 1893, of a petition for the passage of an act to incorporate the "Middletown and Portsmouth Street Railway Company," which petition was originally presented at the January session, 1893.

The purpose of said act is the constructing and operating of a street railway within the towns of Middletown, Portsmouth and Tiverton, in the state of Rhode Island, with all the powers and privileges, and subject to all the duties and liabilities set forth in chapters 157 and 158 of the Public Statutes, and of all acts in amendment thereof and in addition thereto.

EDWARD A. BROWN,
MELVILLE BULL,
EDWARD F. DYER,
LORENZO D. TALLMAN,
ALBERT C. LANDERS,
AUGUSTIN C. TITUS,
ASA B. ANTHONY,
Petitioners.

4-22-4w.

Auction.

To be sold at a Public Auction on the Farm of the Estate of John F. Carr, Jamestown, R. I.,

Friday, April 28, 1891, at 10 A. M.

7 young new milch cows; 1 pair of fine young oxen—sound and strong, one horse 7 years old, 2 heifers 2½ years old and a two-seated covered carriage, new.

ELIJAH ANTHONY, Auct'r.

TOWN OF MIDDLETOWN.

$500 REWARD.

THE TOWN COUNCIL of Middletown hereby offer and will pay a reward of Five Hundred Dollars, for such information as will secure the apprehension, detention and conviction of the person or persons, who recently unlawfully cut down and lopped off trees within the confines of the Middletown Cemetery. Said reward to be paid upon the conviction of the offender.

By order and in behalf of said Town Council.
ALBERT L. CHASE, Clerk.

4-22-4w.

Flagg's Bargain Store,

12 Franklin St.,

(Opposite Post Office.)

TIN WARE PRICES.

Ten Quart Dish Pans, 25c; Sheet Iron Dripping Pans, 11c. and 20c; Sauce Pans, 10c., 13c. and 18c; Stew Pans, 5c., 10c., 13c. and 15c; Wash Basins, 5c; Silverized Trays, 5c; Dover Egg Beaters, 18c; Colanders, 10c; Preserving Kettles, 10c; Tin Strainers, 10c; Suds Dippers, long and short handles, 10c; Ladle Dippers and Pot Covers, 5c; Tea and Coffee Strainers, 3c. and 5c; Basting Spoons, 5c; Sewing Machine Oil and Oilers, 5c. each; 3-Prong Towel Racks, 5c; Clothes Lines, 10c. and 15c; Wooden Spoons, 5c; Four Hook Coat Racks, 5c; Tin Tea Kettles, 29c; Three Papers Pins for 5c; Broilers, 5c; Crumb Tray and Brush, 25c; Wooden Rim Sieves, 15c; Maple Chair Seats, 10c; Coffee Pots, 11c. to 45c.

Also Masons' and Carpenters' tools and other goods at rock bottom prices. 4-15

SHELF PAPER

ALL COLORS. BEST QUALITY

GEO. H. CARR'S,
172 Thames Street.

New Carpets

—AND—

Wall Papers.

We are daily receiving new carpets and wall papers and are prepared to show a fine line of

New Patterns.

Prices as low as Anywhere.

W. C. Cozzens & Co.,

138 Thames St.

New Advertisements

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

Office of the License Commissioners

—AT—

No. 23 Mill Street April 14, 1893.

Applications for license to sell pure spirituous intoxicating and malt liquors have been made by the following named persons and firms:

Wholesale.

Sayer Brothers, 263 Thames street.
Ernest Voigt, 539 Thames street.
P. H. Corbett, 603 Thames street.
John T. Martin, 538 Thames street.
Dennis W. Sheehan, 18 and 20 Kinsley's wharf.
Patrick H. Horgan, 224 Thames street.
Timothy J. Lyon, 3 and 5 Bulls wharf.
F. P. Garrettson & Co., 16 and 20 Washington square.
Peleg Bryer & Son, 25 and 27 Broadway.
Maurice S. Horgan, 53 West Broadway.
Thomas Denniston, 27 and 29, Kinsley's wharf.

Retail.

Christen Anderson, 56 Prospect Hill street.
John Alexander, 94 Levin street.
Daniel J. Buckley, 511 Thames street.
Patrick J. Burke, 1 West Broadway.
Lawrence J. Barry, 420 Thames street.
George Beakhurst, 265 and 267 Thames street.
Albert Burkinshaw, 425 Thames street.
James J. Conheeny, 615 Spring street.
James A. Conheeny, 672 Thames street.
Timothy B. O'Connell, 83 Long wharf.
John Campbell, 47 West Broadway.
John J. Celly, 10 West Broadway.
Joseph V. Coen, 111 Long wharf.
Patrick R. Condon, 85 Long wharf.
Michael Curran, 35 West Broadway.
Crohane D. Curran, 35 Bath road.
Michael Driscoll, 499 Thames street.
George F. Da Bois, 11 Touro street.
James Eagan, 46 and 48 West Broadway.
Karl Faerber, 480 Thames street.
John H. Finn, 407 Spring street.
William Gash, 446 Thames street.
Charles E. Groff, 127 Long wharf.
James Groves, 9 DeBlois court.
James D. Hiuler, 217 Thames street.
Solomon T. Hubbard, 119 and 121 Thames street.
Patrick H. Horgan, 58 West Broadway.
Richard Holsinger, 26 State street.
Paul Hertzog, 32 Washington square.
Michael F. Keefe, 338 Thames street.
Abbott Lawrence, 10 Franklin street.
John Lowney, 178 Long wharf.
Thomas Murphy, 442 Thames street.
Michael J. Murphy, 428 Thames street.
James A. McMahan, 47 William street.
Hiram Murray & Son, 5 Market square.
D. H. Mahogany, 125 Thames street.
Patrick Hunt, 132 Long wharf.
John Malgan, 110 Levin street.
John Nolan, 31 and 33 Market square.
Patrick Nolan, 106 William street.
Michael O'Neil, 16 Long wharf.
William Ormsby, 5 Scotts wharf.
William D. Rife, 209 Thames street.
Charles H. Sullivan, cor. W. Broadway and Collins street.
Daniel Shea, 659 Thames street.
Dennis W. Sheehan, 18 and 20 Kinsley's wharf.
Louis Shanteler, 467 Thames street.
Patrick Sheehan, 50 West Broadway.
Dennis J. Sullivan, 504 Thames street.
Wm. P. Sullivan, 8 Kinsley's wharf.
Henry J. Sullivan, 169 Long wharf.
John J. Shea, 3 West Broadway.
John Shanahan, 8 Marlborough street.
Charles A. Trager, 10 Middleton avenue.
Alva F. Weaver, 708 Thames street.
Patrick Walsh, 656 Thames street.
William Yates, 454 Thames street.
Thomas B. Wilkinson, 293 Thames street.
John Mitchell, 45 East Bowery street.
George Quarry, 13 Long wharf.
Timothy Sullivan, 44 Bath road.
Lawrence P. Sullivan, 519 Thames street.
John A. Owen, 7 Duke street.
D. J. McGowan, 14 Washington square.
Joseph Kelly, 15 Dennison street.
John Adam, 104 Thames street.
Michael J. Johnson, 140 Long wharf
William Harker & Co., 89 and 93 Bridge street.
Maurice S. Horgan, 13 Franklin street.
Thomas Denniston, 27 and 29 Kinsley's wharf.
James J. Horgan, 110 Thames street.
Charles M. McDermott, 3 Prospect Hill street.
Thomas Horgan, 8 Duke street.
Richard J. Lawton, 77 William street.
Richard De Logerot, Hotel de Logerot, Cliff avenue.

The Board of License Commissioners will be in session at No. 23 Mill street on Friday, April 28, 1893, at 10 o'clock, at which time and place all persons so desiring may be heard on the matter of granting such applications.

STEPHEN P. SLOCUM,
THEODORE E. HELME,
THOMAS COGGESHALL,
License Commissioners.

4-22

NOTICE OF EXECUTRIX.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed and qualified by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Portsmouth, R. I., executrix of the last will and testament of STEPHEN C. MUNROE late of said Portsmouth deceased, respectfully requests all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to present them, and those indebted to make payment to PRISCILLA A. DURFEE, Executrix.

4-22.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATRIX.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed and duly qualified, by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Portsmouth, R. I., administratrix on the estate of GEORGE N. DENNIS late of said Portsmouth, deceased, respectfully requests all persons having claims against said estate to present them and those indebted to make payment to

A. V. L. DENNIS
Administratrix.

4-22.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been appointed Guardian of the estate of THEODORE SHERMAN, a person of full age, having a legal settlement in Middletown, R. I., by the Court of Probate of said town, and has duly qualified himself as such Guardian by giving bond to said Court. All persons having demands or claims against the estate of said Theodore, are hereby notified to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted thereto to make payment to the undersigned.

HENRY C. SHERMAN,
Guardian.

Middletown, R. I., March 25, 1893—5w

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Middletown, R. I., Guardian of the estates in the state of Rhode Island of WILLIAM V. BRANN and ELIZABETH J. BRANN, minor children of Thomas Brann, late of said Middletown, deceased, and has duly qualified himself as such Guardian by giving bond to said Court. All persons having claims against the estates of said minors, are hereby notified to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted thereto to make payment to the undersigned.

LEWIS L. SIMMONS,
Guardian.

Newport, R. I., April 22, 1893, 7w.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been chosen guardian of the estate of his minor son, ROWLAND S. SHERMAN, which choice has been approved by the Court of Probate of Middletown, R. I., to which Court the undersigned has given bond and qualified himself to act as such Guardian. All persons having claims against the estate of said Rowland S. Sherman are hereby notified to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted thereto to make payment to the undersigned.

HENRY C. SHERMAN,

Middletown, R. I., April 22, 1893. 7w.

Court of Probate, Middletown, R. I., April 17, A. D. 1893.

LEWIS L. SIMMONS, Administrator on the estate of

THOMAS BRANN,

late of said Middletown deceased, presents to this Court his first and final account therewith, and thereon prays that said account may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to the Court of Probate, to be held at the Town Hall, in said Middletown, on Monday, the 15th day of May next, A. D. 1893, at one o'clock P. M., and that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week at least, in the *Newport Mercury*.

ALBERT L. CHASE,
Probate Clerk.

4-22

Coddington Savings Bank.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 18, 1893.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND at the rate of Four per cent. per annum will be paid on and after Wednesday, April 19, 1893.

NATH'L R. SWINBURNE, Treasurer.

New Advertisements.

Vegetable Seeds

—FOR—

3 cts. per Package.

Asparagus (Conover's colossal.)
Beets (early blood turnip.)
Beets (Dewing's improved.)
Celery (Henderson's half dwarf.)
Celery (Boston market.)
Corn (Stowell's Evergreen.)
Cucumber (imperial white spine.)
Cucumber (early frame.)
Cucumber (early cluster.)
Cauliflower (early snowball.)
Cabbage (Henderson's early summer.)
Cabbage (drumhead savoy.)
Cabbage (Stonemason drumhead.)
Corn (black Mexican.)
Corn (early Crosby.)
Corn (early Minnesota.)
Carrot (early half long Danvers.)
Lettuce (early tennis ball.)
Lettuce (Boston curled.)
Muskmelon (round yellow.)
Muskmelon (green nutmeg.)
Onion (yellow globe Danvers.)
Pumpkin (sugar, large yellow.)
Pepper (ruby king.)
Parsnip (long white sugar Dutch.)
Parsley.
Rutabaga (Sherring's purple top.)
Rutabaga (large sweet German.)
Radish (early scarlet turnip.)
Radish (long scarlet.)
Spinach (round thick leaved.)
Squash (yellow bush scallop.)
Squash (early yellow bush.)
Squash (summer crookneck.)
Squash (Hubbard.)
Turnip (purple or red top.)
Tomato (Livingston's favorite.)
Tomato (selected trophy.)
Tomato (Paragon.)
Tomato (Essex hybrid.)
Watermelon (mountain sweet.)

Only 3 cts. a package.

Stop and get a list of our

Imported Flower Seeds & Bulbs,

—AT—

A. C. Landers',

167 Thames Street,

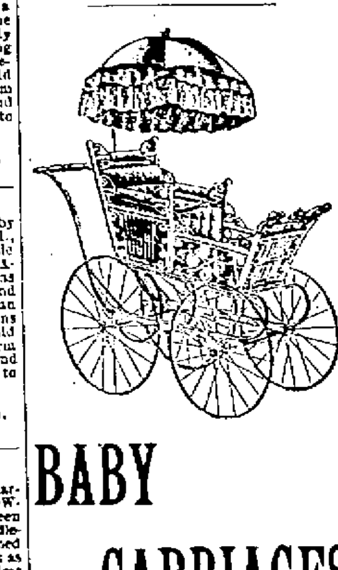
COVELL'S BLOCK.

OVER

300 ROLLS Straw Mattings.

CALL AND SEE US.

Our Line is the Largest.
Our Quality is the Best.
Our Prices are the Lowest.



BABY CARRIAGES

from $5 to $50.

CARPETS.

INGRAIN, VELVETS, TAPESTRY, MOQUETTES, BRUSSELS, AXMINSTERS,

Prices at the Bottom.

A. C. TITUS & CO.,

225 to 229 Thames St

New Advertisements

WANTED.

SINGLE GENTLEMAN desires a large furnished room centrally located, apply to 4-15-1w. 24 BREWER STREET.

Chamber Suits, Mattresses, Feather Pillows,

J. W. HORTON & CO.'S,

42 CHURCH ST.

UPHOLSTERING

—AND—

MATTRESS WORK,

in all its branches.

FINE Photograph Gallery

For Sale Cheap—Good Business,

GOOD CHANCE FOR AN

Amateur.

A. L. LEAVITT,

126 Bellevue Avenue.

3-11

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, Sc. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newport, January 4, A. D. 1893.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, within and for the County of Newport, on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1893, and returnable to the March term of said Court, A. D. 1893, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the twenty-sixth day of September, A. D. 1892, in favor of George T. Baker and Wendall P. Hale, co-partners, as Baker, Hale & Co., both of the City and County of Providence and State of Rhode Island, plaintiffs, and against Hiram J. Murray, of the City and County of Newport, in said State of Rhode Island, defendant, I have this day at 30 minutes past 10 o'clock A. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant, Hiram J. Murray, had on the ninth day of July, A. D. 1892, at 5 minutes past 11 o'clock P. M. (the time of the attachment on the original writ,) in and to a certain lot, or parcel of land with all the buildings, and improvements thereupon, situated in said City of Newport, in said County of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded as follows: Northerly, forty-nine feet on Market square; Westerly, thirty-three feet on land of Benjamin H. H. Sherman; Southerly, on land of Isaac W. Sherman, and Easterly, on land conveyed by Charles F. Barber to Charles E. Hammett, or however otherwise the same may be bounded. Recorded in Land Evidence, vol. 61, page 397, of the City of Newport,

AND

NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on estate at a Public Auction to be held in front of the State House in said city of Newport in said county on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses if sufficient.

PARDON S. KAULL,
Deputy Sheriff.

3-11-4w

NEWPORT, R. I., April 4, A. D. 1893.

NEWPORT, Sc.

The above sale is hereby adjourned to TUESDAY, the second day of May, A. D. 1893, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

PARDON S. KAULL,
Deputy Sheriff.

4-8

LADIES'

Outside Garments

Ladies' Sacques,

Ladies' Capes,

Ladies' Sacques

WITH CAPES,

All Ready,

RECEIVED A NEW LINE.

J. E. Seabury,

218 & 220 Thames-st.